

tories and allegations as his creditors, endorsers or sureties may propose or allege against him; and shall order not less than one month's notice of the day so fixed upon, to be given by the permanent trustee to the creditors of the insolvent, in such manner as the court may, by its rules or by special order, direct.

P. G., (1860,) art. 48, sec. 4. 1854, ch. 193, sec. 4.

5. If the creditors, endorsers or sureties shall fail to make any allegations or propose any interrogatories, or if the same shall be answered satisfactorily or determined in favor of the insolvent, the court shall discharge the insolvent from all debts and contracts made before the filing of his petition, and he shall be released from all such debts and contracts; and such discharge and release shall embrace all cases where he is endorser or surety; and he shall not be liable to pay any joint contractor, surety or endorser who may pay any debt or perform any contract after the filing of his petition, which was entered into before the filing of such petition.

Munnkuysen v Dorset, 2 H & G. 374 Wharton v Callan, 2 Gill, 173. Job v. Walker, 3 Md 129 Moore v. Garrettson, 7 Md. 444. Berry v. McLane, 11 Md 92 State v Reaney, 13 Md 230. Wilson v Russell, 13 Md 528. Katz v. Moore, 13 Md 566. State v Culler, 18 Md 418 B & O R. R. Co. v Clarke, 19 Md 509 Huston v. Ditto, 20 Md. 305 Willis v Wright, 22 Md. 373. Jaeger v. Requardt, 25 Md 231 Knight v. House, 29 Md 194. Starr v Heckart, 32 Md. 267. Reynolds v. Mut Fire Ins Co., 34 Md. 280. Weaver v. Leiman, 52 Md 708. Allers v. Forbes, 59 Md. 374.

Ibid. sec. 5. 1854, ch. 193, sec. 5.

6. The discharge of any person under this article is not to release any other person who may be liable as endorser, surety or otherwise.

Ibid. sec. 6. 1854, ch. 193, sec. 6.

7. No person shall be released or discharged under this article who has conveyed, concealed or disposed of his property to defraud or delay his creditors, or prevent the same from being applied to the payment of his debts, or who has, within one year of the time of filing his petition, by the conveyance or assignment of his property, or debts or claims, or payment of money, given an undue and improper preference to any of his creditors.

Triebert v. Burgess, 11 Md 453 Maennel v. Murdoch, 13 Md. 164. Jaeger v. Requardt, 25 Md. 231