tificate, shall pay a fee of five dollars, which shall be returned to the applicant if a certificate be refused; all fees received by the said board shall be applied to the expenses of carrying out the provisions of this sub-title of this article, and the excess thereof, if any, shall be used for the State board of health, an account of which and how disbursed the said board of health shall report to the governor.

## 1888, ch. 429, sec. 5

43. Every person holding a certificate from the State board of health shall have it recorded in a book to be bept for that purpose in the office of the clerk of the circuit court for the county, or the clerk of the circuit court of Baltimore city, as the case may be, in which he or she resides, and the record shall be endorsed on the certificate; any person removing to another locality other than that in which his certificate is recorded shall procure an endorsement to that effect, and shall in like manner have his or her certificate recorded in the county or city of Baltimore, as the case may be, to which he or she removes; and the holder of the certificate shall pay to the clerk of the circuit court for the county, or clerk of the circuit court of Baltimore city, as the case may be, the usual fees for making the record.

## Tbid, sec. 6.

44. Any person shall be regarded as practising medicine within the meaning of this sub-title who shall profess publicly to be a physician and prescribe for the sick, or who shall append to his name the letters M. D.; but nothing in this sub-title of this article shall be construed to prohibit students from prescribing under the supervision of preceptors, or to prohibit gratuitous services in cases of emergency; and this sub-title of this article shall not apply to commissioned surgeons in the United States army, navy or marine hospital service, nor shall it apply to physicians or surgeons not resident in this State, who may be called in consultation within this State.

## Ibid sec. 7

45. The State board of health may refuse certificates to persons presenting diplomas from colleges or schools not in good standing, or to individuals guilty of unprofessional or dishonorable conduct or of criminal practise, and they may revoke