

P. G. L., (1860,) art 39, sec. 6 1799, ch. 83, sec. 5.

6. If the proprietor of the said land shall think himself aggrieved by the quantity of land laid off, or by the manner of laying off the same, or by the valuation thereof by the said jury, he may apply to the said court at any time before the end of the next court to that at which the proceedings aforesaid shall be returned, who may, in a summary way, examine the said proceedings, and ratify or correct the same in any of the particulars above mentioned, and shall thereupon order and adjudge that the said land shall thenceforward become the property of the said county forever, upon the value thereof as aforesaid being paid to the said owner; which judgment and proceeding shall be recorded; and the clerk of the said court shall transmit a copy of such order and judgment of the said court, and a certificate of the valuation of the said land condemned, to the county commissioners of the same county, who shall assess and levy the same in the same manner as other county expenses, and shall order such sum, when levied, to be paid over to the person or persons entitled to receive the same as being interested in such condemned land; and it shall thereupon be lawful for the said county commissioners to direct the necessary buildings to be erected thereon at the expense of the county, and the same shall be annually rented out by them for the use and benefit of the said county.

Ibid. sec 7 1799, ch. 83, sec. 5.

7. In cases of infancy or other legal disability, it shall and may be lawful for such infant or other person, or his or her legal representative, whose land may be condemned under the provisions of the preceding sections, at any time within three years after the removal of such disability, to repay to the county commissioners or other collector, the amount of the valuation of such condemned land, if the same shall have been paid as above directed, and also the real value at the time of such disability being removed of any buildings or other improvements that may have been erected thereon at the expense of the county, or if the same be refused, to make a tender thereof; and such condemned property, with the improvements thereon, shall revert to and become again the property of such person, as fully as the same would have been if such condemnation had never taken place.