

P. G. L., (1860,) art. 35, sec. 58. 1844, ch 284, sec. 2.

**99.** The justice, in such cases, shall have the usual power to coerce the attendance of witnesses.

Ibid. sec 59. 1844, ch 284, sec 2.

**100.** The notice of the justice shall contain the names of the witnesses, with the facts expected to be proved by them, and shall state the time and place of examination, and shall be served on the opposite party or his attorney, at least ten days previous to the proposed examination.

Ibid sec. 60. 1844, ch. 284, sec. 3.

**101.** Every person deposing shall be examined on oath; and his testimony shall be reduced to writing either by himself, in the presence of the justice, or by the justice, or a clerk by him appointed and sworn fairly to write down and transcribe the depositions, and shall be subscribed by the deponent.

Ibid. sec. 61. 1844, ch. 284, sec. 3.

**102.** The depositions so taken, together with a certificate of the notices and proof of service of them, shall be sealed up by the justice who took them, and transmitted to the presiding officer of the body in which the seat is contested.

Ibid. sec. 62. 1844, ch. 284, sec 4.

**103.** The examinations of witnesses, taken in the manner herein prescribed, and in no other, shall hereafter be admitted on trial of contested elections.

Ibid. sec. 63. 1844, ch. 284, sec 5.

**104.** The copies of any papers recorded in any office of record, attested under the hand and seal of the recording officer, shall be admitted at all such trials, in the same manner as the originals would be if produced.

Ibid. sec. 64. 1844, ch. 284, sec. 5.

**105.** The copies of any other papers of a public nature, and remaining in possession of a public officer, and extracts from the