ARTICLE XXXII.

DENTISTRY.

- 1. Requirements for practice of.
- 2. Board of five examiners appointed by governor
- 3 Officers and meetings of board.
- 4. Registration of practitioners in
- 5. Examination of applicants to practise.
- 6. Violations of article, penalties for.
- 7. Certificates by one member of board.
- 8. To whom not applicable.

1884, ch. 150, 1886, ch. 372.

1. It shall be unlawful for any person to practise dentistry in this State unless he shall have obtained a certificate as herein provided, or shall hold a diploma from a university or college authorized to grant diplomas in dental surgery; any person holding such a diploma, and desiring to commence such practice, shall present the same to the board of examiners created by this article, for approval; such examining board, being satisfied as to the qualifications of the applicant and the genuineness of the diploma, shall endorse the same as approved, and issue the certificate of registration provided for in this article.

1884, ch. 150, sec. 2.

2. There shall be a board of examiners, to consist of five reputable practising dentists, whose duty it shall be to carry out the purposes and enforce the provisions of this article. The members of said board shall be appointed by the governor, who shall select them from the dentists residing in this State; provided, that none of said board shall be pecuniarily connected with any dental college, or dental department of any college or university; the term for which the members of said board shall hold their office shall be for four years, unless sooner removed by the governor, and until their successors shall be duly appointed; in case of a vacancy occurring in said board, such vacancy shall be filled in like manner by the governor.

Ibid. sec. 3.

3. Said board shall choose one of its members president and one secretary thereof; it shall fix the time and place of its meet-