the suit; and the same rule shall apply to all answers and pleasfiled by defendants; and if this rule be violated, the unnecessary or improper matter or averments may be stricken out at the cost of the party introducing the same.

Rule 14.

132. All bills and petitions in the introductory part thereof shall contain the names of all the parties, plaintiffs and defendants, by and against whom the suit is brought. The form shall be substantially as follows:

In The Circuit Court for

COUNTY.

A B, Plaintiff, against C D, Defendant,

To the Honorable the Judges of said Court:

Your orator, complaining, says:

1. That, &c., making each paragraph contain a succinct but a complete statement of fact.

Rule 15.

133. All bills and petitions shall be divided into paragraphs, as indicated in the preceding section, and be consecutively numbered, and shall contain simply a statement of the facts upon which the plaintiff asks relief, and, at his option, the facts which are intended to avoid an anticipated defence, and such averments as may be necessary, under the rules of equity pleading, to entitle the plaintiff to relief; and the prayer for relief shall specify particularly the relief desired, and shall also contain the prayer for general relief. And if an injunction, or other writ, or any special order, be required, pending the suit, it shall be specially prayed for; the several subjects of the prayer being formed into distinct paragraphs, and consecutively numbered. The ordinary or formal combination clause, the allegations of the want of remedy at law, and similar formal averments, shall be omitted; nor shall it be necessary to pray that the defendants be required to answer, unless it be desired that they shall answer under oath, or there be special interrogatories appended to the bill to be