

shall assign to the court some reasonable excuse, which it shall deem satisfactory.

P. G. L., (1860,) art. 93, sec. 317. 1830, ch. 17.

217. Whenever the decedent shall leave a widow, or child, or grandchild, his wearing apparel shall be exempt from appraisement, and shall belong to the child or children of the decedent; and if no child or children, to the grandchildren; and if there be neither child nor grandchild, to the widow of the decedent; and his administrator shall divide the same among them (if there be more than one entitled) as he may think equitable and proper; but wearing apparel shall not include watches or jewelry of any description.

Ibid. sec. 218. 1841, ch. 178, sec. 2. 1845, ch. 357, sec. 3.

218. The provisions which at the death of any decedent shall have been laid up for the consumption of his family, on his home or mansion-house farm, shall not be sold or included in the inventory of his estate, but shall remain for the use of the family of such decedent.

Ibid. sec. 219. 1841, ch. 178, sec. 2.

219. With the exception of the articles enumerated in the two preceding sections, all the assets of the deceased shall be included in such inventory.

Ibid. sec. 220 1798, ch. 101, sub-ch. 7. 1803, ch. 101, sec. 2. 1807, ch. 186, sec. 1 1818, ch. 217, secs. 1-2.

220. The following shall be deemed and taken for assets in the hands of an administrator, to wit: Leases for years, estates for the life of another person or persons, except those granted to the deceased and his heirs only; a common warrant for land not executed or located in the lifetime of the deceased; and all goods, wares, merchandise, utensils, furniture, cattle, stock, provisions, tobacco, and every kind of produce, the crop on the land of the deceased begun by him or her, things annexed to the freehold or building which may be removed without prejudice to the building, ornaments, and every species of personal property (except those things which are denominated heir-looms and the ornaments