

administrator of the decedent, the court may compel the delivery and payment over by attachment and sequestration of property, and may also direct the administration bond of such executor or administrator to be put in suit.

*Sifford v. Morrison*, 63 Md. 14.

P. G. L., (1860,) art. 91, sec. 2. 1807, ch. 136, sec. 3.

2. The several orphans' courts may call upon any executor or administrator to whom they may respectively have granted administration, to give new security, approved by said courts; and if such executor or administrator shall refuse or neglect to give such new security within a fixed reasonable time, the court may revoke his letters and appoint a new administrator; if the executor or administrator whose letters have been revoked shall refuse or neglect, in a reasonable time after demand, to deliver over to such new administrator the property of his decedent in his hands unadministered, the court may compel the same by attachment and sequestration, and may direct his administration bond to be put in suit.

*Ibid.* sec. 3. 1807, ch. 136, sec. 2. 1829, ch. 216, sec. 4.

3. If the security or counter security of a guardian, or any person interested in the estate of such security or counter security, shall conceive himself in danger of suffering from the security-ship, he may apply to the orphans' court by which such guardian was appointed, or in which he gave bond, and the said court may call on such guardian to give counter security; and if the said guardian shall not, within a fixed reasonable time, give such counter security, the court may revoke his appointment and appoint a new guardian; and if the guardian whose appointment is revoked shall refuse or neglect, in a reasonable time after demand, to deliver to such new guardian the property of the ward, the said court may compel the same by attachment, and may direct the bond of such displaced guardian to be put in suit.

*Ibid.* sec. 4. 1844, ch. 305.

4. Any security or counter security of a trustee appointed by a court of equity, or any person interested in the estate of such security or counter security, who is afraid of suffering from the