

or notary public, shall be admissible in evidence to prove the fact that any seaman whose name appears subscribed thereto has actually signed said articles.

P. G. L., (1860,) art. 85, sec. 10. 1856, ch. 198, sec. 10.

9. When the testimony of any master of a vessel, or other transient person, shall be deemed by a justice of the peace before whom a prosecution is commenced, to be necessary at the trial of the case, such justice of the peace shall have power, after five days' notice to the party accused, to summon such witnesses before a justice of the peace to give evidence in the same manner as if examined in open court—the accused having the right to cross-examine the witness; the evidence shall be certified and sealed up by the justice of the peace, and shall be used on the trial of the case; provided, the party prosecuting makes oath that the witness whose examination has been taken is not at the time of trial within the jurisdiction of this State.

ARTICLE LXXXV.

SECRETARY OF STATE.

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| <p>1. Shall have a seal, no paper to be certified without approbation of the governor.</p> <p>2. Shall record and transmit all commissions.</p> | <p>3. Shall preserve reports of clerks as to qualifications of officials.</p> <p>4. Shall report to comptroller list of qualified officials.</p> <p>5. Temporary assistant to, governor may appoint, when.</p> |
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P. G. L., (1860,) art 86, sec. 1. 1853, ch. 448.

1. The secretary of State shall have a seal for his department for the authentication of copies of records or papers in his office; but no copy of a record or paper shall be given out or certified by him of any order, entry or action of the governor, without the approbation of the governor.