

time of said payment he had no notice or knowledge of the alleged claim, and that since said payment no further assets have come to his hands.

101. That before this suit, and after the lapse of six months from the date of his letters testamentary, (or of administration,) the defendant paid away, in discharge of just claims, a large amount of assets of P. S., deceased; and that more than six months before said payments, he gave notice to the creditors of P. S. to bring in their claims. And at the time of said payments he had no notice or knowledge of the alleged claim. And that there are other just debts still due from P. S., of which the defendant had no notice or knowledge at the time of the said payments; and he has not, and never has had, assets sufficient to pay but a portion of the alleged claim, regard being had to the debts still due from P. S.

102. Other pleas may be in similar form.

*Commencements and Conclusions of Declarations by Executors and Administrators against Executors and Administrators.*

103. ——— county, A. B., executor of the last will, (or administrator of the goods and chattels, &c.,) of W. K., deceased, by S. T., his attorney, (or in person,) sues T. K., executor of the last will, (or administrator of the goods and chattels, &c.,) of W. K., deceased, for (here state cause of action.)

104. “And the plaintiff claims therefor” \$——, (or if the action is detinue, brought to recover specific goods,) “the plaintiff claims a return of the said goods, or their value, and \$—— for their detention;” (or if the action is replevin,) “the plaintiff claims the return of the said goods,” (when they have not been replevied and delivered,) “and \$—— for their detention;” (or in cases where they have been delivered,) “the plaintiff claims said goods and \$—— for their detention.”

*Stirling v. Garitee, 18 Md. 468.*

105. Declarations by executors and administrators against executors and administrators, may be in the same form as if the parties sued in their own right, if proper words are used to show that the cause of action occurred between the persons they respectively represent.