

<p>insurrections, and enforce the execution of the laws; but shall not take the command in person, without the consent of the legislature.</p>	<p>to command in person.</p>
<p>SEC 9 He shall take care that the laws are faithfully executed</p>	<p>His duties</p>
<p>SEC 10 He shall nominate, and, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, appoint all civil and military officers of the State, whose appointment or election is not otherwise herein provided for; unless a different mode of appointment be prescribed by the law creating the office</p>	<p>Appointments. 25 Md 173 7 Md 151 14 Md 215</p>
<p>SEC 11 In case of any vacancy, during the recess of the Senate, in any office which the governor has power to fill, he shall appoint some suitable person to said office, whose commission shall continue in force until the end of the next session of the legislature, or until some other person is appointed to the same office, whichever shall first occur; and the nomination of the person thus appointed, during the recess, or, of some other person in his place, shall be made to the Senate within thirty days after the next meeting of the legislature</p>	<p>Appointments during recess 41 Md 137 2 Md 341 14 Md 215. 1862, c 68</p>
<p>SEC 12. No person, after being rejected by the Senate, shall be again nominated for the same office at the same session, unless at the request of the Senate: or, be appointed to the same office during the recess of the legislature</p>	<p>Persons rejected not to be appointed</p>
<p>SEC 13 All civil officers appointed by the governor and Senate, shall be nominated to the Senate within fifty days from the commencement of each regular session of the legislature; and their term of office, except in cases otherwise provided for in this Constitution, shall commence on the first Monday of May next ensuing their appointment, and continue for two years (unless removed from office), and until their successors, respectively, qualify according to law; but the term of office of the inspectors of tobacco shall commence on the first Monday of March next ensuing their appointment</p>	<p>Time of nomination 24 Md 202</p>
<p>SEC 14 If a vacancy shall occur during the session of the Senate, in any office which the governor and Senate have the power to fill, the governor shall nominate to the Senate before its final adjournment, a proper person to fill said vacancy, unless such vacancy occurs within ten days before said final adjournment</p>	<p>Term of office</p> <p>Vacancy during session</p>
<p>SEC 15. The governor may suspend or arrest any military officer of the State for disobedience of orders, or other military offence, and may remove him in pursuance of the sentence of a court-martial; and may remove for incompetency or misconduct, all civil officers who received appointment from the executive for a term of years.</p>	<p>Courts-martial 41 Md 137 14 Md 215.</p>
<p>SEC 16 The governor shall convene the legislature, or the Senate alone, on extraordinary occasions; and whenever from the presence of an enemy, or from any other cause, the seat of government shall become an unsafe place for the meeting of the legislature, he may direct their sessions to be held at some other convenient place</p>	<p>Extra sessions of legislature</p>
<p>SEC 17 To guard against hasty or partial legislation and encroachments of the legislative department upon the co-ordinate executive and judicial departments, every bill which shall have passed the House of Delegates and the Senate, shall, before it becomes a law, be presented to the governor of the State; if he approve, he shall sign it; but if not, he shall return it, with his objections, to the house in which it originated, which house shall enter the objections at large on its journal, and proceed to reconsider the bill; if, after such reconsideration, three-fifths of the members elected to that house shall pass the bill, it shall be sent with the objections to the other house, by which it shall likewise be reconsidered, and if passed by three-fifths of the members elected to that house, it shall become a law. But in all such cases, the votes of both houses shall be determined by yeas and nays, and the names of the persons voting for and against the bill, shall be entered on the journal of each house, respectively. If any bill shall not be returned by the governor within six days (Sundays excepted), after it shall have been presented to him, the same shall be a law in</p>	<p>Veto power</p> <p>Three-fifths of each House may pass a vetoed bill.</p> <p>Yeas and nays.</p> <p>Veto within six days</p>