

as hereinbefore provided for in this article, the said treasurer shall immediately cause to be published on three consecutive days in two daily newspapers, one published in Baltimore City, and one published in the city or county wherein said corporation has or should have its principal office, a notice informing the public that such corporation has not complied with the law, and is therefore conducting business without legal authority so to do. And the cost of publishing such notices shall be paid by the corporation named in the notice. The treasurer shall also promptly report the facts in any such case to the attorney general, who shall thereupon institute proceedings to enjoin and restrain such corporation if it be organized under the laws of this State from transacting any business, and if it be organized under the laws of any other State or of a foreign country from transacting business in this State, and the court before which such proceedings shall be begun shall be authorized to pass such order or decree and to issue such process in the premises to enforce the compliance of such corporation with the provisions of this article, or to restrain the transaction of business by such corporation in this State as it may deem proper. For each and every day that such corporation attempts to transact business in this State without having complied with the requirements of section 140 of this article, it shall forfeit to the State of Maryland the sum of one hundred dollars, said sum to be collected as any other debt by an action of debt in the name of the State. Nothing in this section shall apply to national banks.

See notes to secs. 136 and 146.

An. Code, 1924, sec. 143. 1912, sec. 112. 1904, sec. 100. 1892, ch. 109, sec. 85G. 1910, ch. 219 (p. 6).

142. The amount of money which any corporation shall have on deposit, or hold in trust, or loan at any time, shall not exceed ten times the amount of its paid-up capital and surplus, and its outstanding loans shall not at any time exceed said amount; but any such corporation authorized to receive court deposits may, at any time, receive on deposit and loan out any money which may be deposited with it by order of any of the courts of this State, notwithstanding such limitation.¹

See notes to secs. 136 & 146.

An. Code, 1924, sec. 144. 1912, sec. 113. 1904, sec. 101. 1892, ch. 109, sec. 85H. 1910, ch. 219 (p. 6).

143. Any willful false swearing, relative to the report and examination hereinbefore provided for, by any person shall be deemed perjury, and be subject to the prosecutions and punishments for that offense now or hereafter provided for by law.¹

See notes to secs. 136 & 146.

An. Code, 1924, sec. 145. 1912, sec. 114. 1904, sec. 102. 1892, ch. 109, sec. 85-I.

144. Whenever it shall be proven to the satisfaction of said treasurer that any such corporation has surrendered its charter or ceased to do business in this State, and has liquidated all its indebtedness to depositors and creditors, he shall surrender to such corporation any deposit which may be so held by him in trust for the benefit of the depositors and creditors of any such corporation.

¹ This section, so far as it related to trust companies, was repealed by the act of 1910, ch. 219 (p. 6). As to trust companies, see art. 11, sec. 54, *et seq.*