An. Code, 1924, sec. 194. 1912, sec. 194. 1904, sec. 194. 1898, ch. 119.

194. Where a bill has been paid for honor, all parties subsequent to the party for whose honor it is paid are discharged, but the payer for honor is subrogated for, and succeeds to, both the rights and duties of the holder as regards the party for whose honor he pays and all parties liable to the latter.

An. Code, 1924, sec. 195. 1912, sec. 195. 1904, sec. 195. 1898, ch. 119.

195. Where the holder of a bill refuses to receive payment *supra* protest, he loses his right of recourse against any party who would have been discharged by such payment.

An. Code, 1924, sec. 196. 1912, sec. 196. 1904, sec. 196. 1898, ch. 119.

196. The payer for honor on paying to the holder the amount of the bill and the notarial expenses incidental to its dishonor is entitled to receive both the bill itself and the protest.

CHAPTER XVI.—Bills in a Set.

An. Code, 1924, sec. 197. 1912, sec. 197. 1904, sec. 197. 1898, ch. 119.

197. Where a bill is drawn in a set, each part of the set being numbered and containing a reference to the other parts, the whole of the parts constitute one bill.

An, Code, 1924, sec. 198. 1912, sec. 198. 1904, sec. 198. 1898, ch. 119.

198. Where two or more parts of a set are negotiated to different holders in due course, the holder whose title first accrues is, as between such holders, the true owner of the bill. But nothing in this section affects the rights of a person who in due course accepts or pays the part first presented to him.

An. Code, 1924, sec. 199. 1912, sec. 199. 1904, sec. 199. 1898, ch. 119.

199. Where the holder of a set indorses two or more parts to different persons, he is liable on every such part, and every indorser subsequent to him is liable on the part he has himself indorsed, as if such parts were separate bills.

An. Code, 1924, sec. 200, 1912, sec. 200, 1904, sec. 200, 1898, ch. 119.

200. The acceptance may be written on any part and it must be written on one part only. If the drawee accepts more than one part, and such accepted parts are negotiated to different holders in due course, he is liable on every such part as if it were a separate bill.

An. Code, 1924, sec. 201. 1912, sec. 201. 1904, sec. 201. 1898, ch. 119.

201. When the acceptor of a bill drawn in a set pays it without requiring the part bearing his aceptance to be delivered up to him, and that part at maturity is outstanding in the hands of a holder in due course, he is liable to the holder thereon.

An. Code, 1924, sec. 202. 1912, sec. 202. 1904, sec. 202. 1898, ch. 119.

202. Except as herein otherwise provided, where any one part of a bill drawn in a set is discharged by payment or otherwise, the whole bill is discharged.