

An. Code, 1924, sec. 177. 1912, sec. 177. 1904, sec. 177. 1898, ch. 119.

**177.** Where the acceptor has been adjudged a bankrupt or an insolvent, or has made an assignment for the benefit of creditors, before the bill matures, the holder may cause the bill to be protested for better security against the drawer and indorsers.

An. Code, 1924, sec. 178. 1912, sec. 178. 1904, sec. 178. 1898, ch. 119.

**178.** Protest is dispensed with by any circumstances which would dispense with notice of dishonor. Delay in noting or protesting is excused when delay is caused by circumstances beyond the control of the holder and not imputable to his default, misconduct or negligence. When the cause of delay ceases to operate, the bill must be noted or protested with reasonable diligence.

An. Code, 1924, sec. 179. 1912, sec. 179. 1904, sec. 179. 1898, ch. 119.

**179.** Where a bill is lost or destroyed, or is wrongly detained from the person entitled to hold it, protest may be made on a copy or written particulars thereof.

#### **CHAPTER XIV.—Acceptance of Bills of Exchange for Honor.**

An. Code, 1924, sec. 180. 1912, sec. 180. 1904, sec. 180. 1898, ch. 119.

**180.** Where a bill of exchange has been protested for dishonor by non-acceptance or protested for better security and is not overdue, any person not being a party already liable thereon may, with the consent of the holder, intervene and accept the bill *supra* protest for the honor of any party liable thereon, or for the honor of the person for whose account the bill is drawn. The acceptance for honor may be for part only of the sum for which the bill is drawn; and where there has been an acceptance for honor for one party, there may be a further acceptance by a different person for the honor of another party.

An. Code, 1924, sec. 181. 1912, sec. 181. 1904, sec. 181. 1898, ch. 119.

**181.** An acceptance for honor *supra* protest must be in writing and indicate that it is an acceptance for honor, and must be signed by the acceptor for honor.

An. Code, 1924, sec. 182. 1912, sec. 182. 1904, sec. 182. 1898, ch. 119.

**182.** Where an acceptance for honor does not expressly state for whose honor it is made, it is deemed to be an acceptance for the honor of the drawer.

An. Code, 1924, sec. 183. 1912, sec. 183. 1904, sec. 183. 1898, ch. 119.

**183.** The acceptor for honor is liable to the holder and to all parties to the bill subsequent to the party for whose honor he has accepted.

An. Code, 1924, sec. 184. 1912, sec. 184. 1904, sec. 184. 1898, ch. 119.

**184.** The acceptor for honor by such acceptance engages that he will on due presentment pay the bill according to the terms of his acceptance, provided it shall not have been paid by the drawee, and provided, also, that it shall have been duly presented for payment and protested for non-payment, and notice of dishonor given to him.