

such employer shall either furnish to the person authorized to issue a certificate for said child within fifteen days satisfactory evidence that such child is in fact over sixteen years of age, or shall cease to employ, or permit or suffer such child to work in such place or establishment. The person authorized to issue said certificate shall require from such employer the same evidence of age of such child as is required upon the issuance of an employment certificate and the employer furnishing such evidence shall not be required to furnish any further evidence of the age of the child.

An. Code, 1924, sec. 21. 1912, sec. 20. 1912, ch. 731, sec. 20.

21. In case any employer shall fail to produce and deliver to the proper authorities within fifteen days after demand made pursuant to section 20 of this article, the evidence of age therein required, and shall thereafter continue to employ such child or permit or suffer such child to work in such place or establishment, proof of the making of such demand and of such failure to produce and deliver such evidence shall be *prima facie* evidence of the illegal employment of such child in any prosecution brought therefor.

An. Code, 1924, sec. 22. 1912, sec. 21. 1912, ch. 731, sec. 21.

22. No child under the age of eighteen years shall be employed, permitted or suffered to work in, about or in connection with blast furnaces, docks or wharves; or in the outside erection and repair of electric wires; in the running or management of elevators, lifts or hoisting machines or dynamos; in oiling or cleaning machinery in motion; in the operation of emery wheels or any abrasive polishing or buffing wheel articles of the baser metals or iridium are manufactured; at switch tending, gate tending, track repairing or as brakemen, firemen, engineers, motormen or conductors upon railroads, or as railroad telegraph operators; pilots, firemen or engineers upon boats and vessels; or in or about establishments where nitroglycerine, dynamite, duaulin, guncotton, gunpowder or other high or dangerous explosives are manufactured, compounded or stored; or in the manufacture of white or yellow phosphorus or phosphorus matches; or in any distillery, brewery or other establishment where malt or alcoholic liquors are manufactured, packed, wrapped or bottled; or in any theatre, concert hall, club or other place of amusement wherein intoxicating liquors are sold.

An. Code, 1924, sec. 23. 1912, sec. 22. 1912, ch. 731, sec. 22.

23. No minor under twenty-one years of age shall be employed, permitted or suffered to work in, about or in connection with any saloon or bar room where intoxicating liquors are sold.

An. Code, 1924, sec. 24. 1912, sec. 22A. 1916, ch. 222, sec. 22A.

24. No child under the age of sixteen years shall be employed, permitted or suffered to work in, about or in connection with any establishment or occupation mentioned in section 4 of this article (1) for more than six days in any one week, (2) nor more than forty-eight hours in any week, (3) nor more than eight hours in any one day; or (4) before the hour of seven o'clock in the morning or after the hour of seven o'clock in the evening. The presence of such child in any establishment during working hours shall be *prima facie* evidence of its employment therein.¹

¹ Sec. 3, of ch. 222, of 1916, repeals all acts or parts of acts inconsistent with said act, to the extent of such inconsistency.