

An. Code, 1924, sec. 151. 1912, sec. 142. 1904, sec. 140. 1890, ch. 558, sec. 87E.

151. Any person who refuses or without sufficient excuse neglects to obey any order of the court made pursuant to any of the four preceding sections and duly served upon him or an oral direction given directly to him in open court in the course of the proceedings therein provided, or to attend before the court or before a commissioner or examiner according to the command of an order or summons duly served upon him or to answer any lawful question propounded to him by such court, commissioner or examiner, may be punished by the court by which such order or summons was issued for a contempt.

An. Code, 1924, sec. 152. 1912, sec. 143. 1906, ch. 396.

152. The provisions of the foregoing sections of this sub-title (designated as sections 147, 148, 149, 150 and 151) shall be held to apply to judgments rendered before the justices of the peace of the State of Maryland, provided the said judgments shall have been recorded in the superior court of Baltimore (if the same have been rendered in Baltimore City) or in the circuit court of the counties where the same have been rendered, and said superior court of Baltimore City and the circuit court of the several counties shall have jurisdiction to carry out the provisions of the said sections of this sub-title and of this section.

Supplementary proceedings under Secs. 147-152; testimony failed to show concealment of assets. *Little v. Keithley* (Judge Lawrence, Circuit Court for Harford Co), Daily Record, Sept. 27, 1939.

See notes to sec. 147.

III.

PROCESS.

An. Code, 1924, sec. 153. 1912, sec. 144. 1904, sec. 141. 1888, sec. 129. 1796, ch. 43, sec. 9. 1801, ch. 74, sec. 11. 1852, ch. 76, sec. 1. 1884, ch. 128.

153. In all civil suits or actions in the circuit courts where *capias ad respondendum* formerly issued, a writ of summons shall be issued for the defendant, in which shall be stated the purpose for which he is summoned; and the said summons shall be returnable on the first day of the term next after issuing the same; and the sheriff of any county from which the writ of summons for any defendant or defendants may be issued by the circuit court for any such county, or the sheriff of the city of Baltimore, in case the writ of summons is issued from any of the courts of the city of Baltimore, may serve any such writ of summons on the defendant or defendants named in the writ, wherever he may find such defendant or defendants, whether in or out of the county or city from a court of which such process may have issued; or the writs of summons may be directed to and served by the sheriff of any county or city where the defendant may chance to be, returnable to the court where the process issued; and any writ or summons, when so served and returned, shall have the same effect as if it had been served on the defendant or defendants by the sheriff of the county in said county from a court of which the said writ of summons may issue.

Cited but not construed in *Sanitary Grocery Co. v. Soper*, 146 Md. 136 (see notes to art. 9, sec. 46).

As to powers of Court of Appeals *re* forms of process, writs, pleadings, etc., see art. 26, sec. 35.

This section does not apply to attachments. *Thompson v. Central Metal & Sup. Co.*, 158 Md. 188.