

be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and subject, upon conviction, to a fine of not less than ten dollars (\$10.00) nor more than one hundred dollars (\$100.00) for the first offense. The provisions of this section shall apply to the operator and to the owner who causes his motor vehicle to be operated in violation of this section.

As this section does not define a "safety zone," it was error for trial court to say as matter of law that platform was not a "safety zone" within meaning of statute. What is such zone depends to some extent upon circumstances. *Dashiell v. Jacoby*, 142 Md. 338.

For cases involving sec. 135 of Code of 1904 (somewhat analogous to this section), see *Fletcher v. Dixon*, 107 Md. 426; *Fletcher v. Dixon*, 113 Md. 101.

A warrant under sec. 145, An. Code, 1912 (as it stood prior to act, 1916, ch. 687), criticized; the statute should be followed. *Crichton v. State*, 115 Md. 425.

Cited but not construed in *Lanasa v. Beggs*, 159 Md. 325; *Greer Transportation Co. v. Knight*, 157 Md. 537.

Cited in construing sec. 235. *Pegelow v. Johnson*, Daily Record, Dec. 23, 1939.

See notes to secs. 194, 196 and 235.

Accidents.

An. Code, 1924, sec. 196. 1912, sec. 151. 1916, ch. 687. 1918, ch. 85, sec. 151.

198. In case of any accident, such as collision with a person, animal or vehicle, the operator of the motor vehicle in such collision must immediately stop and give his name, residence, and the number of his license to operate, and render such assistance as may be reasonable and necessary within his power.

In all cases of accident resulting in injury to any person, the operator or operators of the motor vehicle or vehicles shall within twenty-four hours report the details of the same to the Commissioner of Motor Vehicles.

Any person violating any of the provisions of this section shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and subject upon conviction to a penalty of not less than twenty-five dollars (\$25.00) nor more than one hundred dollars (\$100.00) for the first offense, provided that any person convicted of failing to stop, give his name and render assistance, as above provided, upon the occurrence of an accident resulting in a fatality or serious injury to any person shall be subject to a fine of not less than one hundred dollars (\$100.00) nor more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000.00), or to imprisonment for not less than thirty days nor more than one year, or to both fine and imprisonment, for the first offense.

All the provisions of this section shall apply to the owner of any motor vehicle who is present when the accident occurs, whether such owner be the operator or not.

In addition, the person guilty of such offense shall be subject to revocation of his operator's license by the Commissioner of Motor Vehicles as elsewhere in this sub-title provided.

Cited but not construed in *York Ice Machinery Corp. v. Sachs*, 167 Md. 127.

Racing and Intoxication.

An. Code, 1924, sec. 197. 1912, sec. 152. 1916, ch. 687. 1918, ch. 85, sec. 152. 1920, ch. 506, sec. 152.

199. No person shall operate or drive or attempt to operate or drive a motor vehicle on the public highways of this State when intoxicated or at all under the influence of liquor or drug. Any person guilty of violating the foregoing provision shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall be subject, upon conviction, to a fine of not less than one hundred dollars (\$100.00) nor more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000.00)