

and ten degrees Fahrenheit before it shall burn, to be ascertained by Tagliabue's coal oil tester, or some other instrument constructed upon the same principle.

An. Code, 1924, sec. 2. 1912, sec. 2. 1904, sec. 2. 1888, sec. 2. 1874, ch. 504, sec. 3.

2. Every person manufacturing or selling illuminating oils or fluids, manufactured from petroleum or its products, by the barrel, shall be required to have stamped upon the head of the barrel the name of the manufacturer thereof and his place of business, together with the words, "warranted to stand a fire-test of one hundred and ten degrees Fahrenheit before it shall burn."

An. Code, 1924, sec. 3. 1912, sec. 3. 1904, sec. 3. 1888, sec. 3. 1874, ch. 504, sec. 4.

3. Whoever manufactures for illuminating purposes, or sells in quantities not less than a barrel, oils or fluids made from petroleum or its products, which does not sustain the fire-test provided for in section 1, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof shall be fined not more than one thousand dollars, or imprisoned in the jail or penitentiary not more than two years, in the discretion of the court; whoever sells, in quantities less than a barrel for illuminating purposes, oils or fluids made from petroleum or its products, which does not sustain the fire-test provided for in section 1, shall forfeit said oil and be fined not less than five nor more than twenty dollars; said fine to be collected as other fines are now collected; one-half to go to the informer, the other to be paid into the treasury of the State.

An. Code, 1924, sec. 4. 1912, sec. 4. 1904, sec. 4. 1888, sec. 4. 1874, ch. 504, sec. 5.

4. Any purchaser of oils or fluids made of petroleum or its product for illuminating purposes, bearing the stamp required in section 2 of this article, and which does not stand the fire-test required in section 1, may recover from the seller in an action of debt an amount equal to double the purchase money of said oil.

An. Code, 1924, sec. 5. 1912, sec. 5. 1904, sec. 5. 1888, sec. 5. 1874, ch. 504, sec. 6.

5. Any accident, by reason of explosion, occurring with any oil or fluid manufactured from petroleum or its products, shall subject the seller thereof to prosecution for a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof in a court of competent jurisdiction, to a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars nor less than five hundred dollars; one-half of said fine to be paid to the informer, and the other half to the State.

For abolition of informer's fees, see art. 38, sec. 3.

An. Code, 1924, sec. 5. 1912, sec. 6. 1904, sec. 6. 1888, sec. 6. 1874, ch. 504, sec. 7.

6. In case of seizure or confiscation of oils or fluids manufactured from petroleum or its products, as provided in section 1, the vendor or vendors of such oils or fluids shall have the privilege of referring the same to some commissioned inspector, recognized by the oil trade of Baltimore, whose decisions shall be *prima facie* evidence of the quality of said oil or fluid.

An. Code, 1924, sec. 7. 1912, sec. 7. 1904, sec. 7. 1888, sec. 7. 1874, ch. 504, sec. 8.

7. If any inspector of oils shall be convicted in a court of competent jurisdiction of furnishing a false report of the fire-test of any oil submitted