

State, and the Treasurer shall make a report in detail to the Governor of the State each year.

Any person practicing or attempting to practice osteopathy under the name of any other person, whether that person be a resident of this State or not, or whether he or she be deceased or not, or any person acting under the name of and as agent of any other person, in the capacity of a practitioner of osteopathy, shall be guilty of misdemeanor, and upon conviction by any Court having criminal jurisdiction shall be punished by imprisonment in the City or County jail for not less than thirty days nor more than one year, or by a fine of not less than twenty dollars nor more than five hundred dollars, or both, in the discretion of the Court, for each offense.

The Board of Osteopathic Examiners of this State, may by a vote of three members, revoke any license which it has issued, and may cause the name of any physician licensed by said Board to be removed from the register of licentiates of the City or County where it may be recorded for any of the following causes; to wit: The use of fraud or deception in passing the examination provided in this sub-title, habitual drunkenness, criminal abortion, conviction of crime involving moral turpitude or unprofessional or dishonorable conduct. Before proceeding to revoke any such license, the person against whom complaint is made shall be furnished with a copy of the complaint and charges made against him, and shall be given an opportunity for a hearing before the board, in person or by attorney, and at such hearing testimony may be offered for and against the accused. The action of the board shall be reduced to writing, stating also the reasons for said action, and a copy thereof shall be delivered or mailed to the person against whom complaint is made; within sixty days after said notice of revocation of license shall have been delivered or mailed to any person said party shall have the right of appeal to the Circuit Court of the City or County wherein he may reside the judge or judges of which said Court shall fully hear and determine all matters connected with the action of said board from which appeal is taken, and the decision of said Court shall be final; should no such appeal be taken within sixty days, or should said appeal result in the affirmation of the action of said Board, the Clerk of the Circuit Court or Courts where said license so revoked shall have been recorded shall, upon due notice from the Secretary-Treasurer of said board, strike off the name of said party from the list of licensed practitioners recorded upon said register. At any time within two years from the revocation of any license the board revoking the same may, by a vote of three members, issue without examination a new license to the person whose license was so revoked; but after the expiration of two years such person can obtain a new license only by compliance with the same requirements which are imposed on other applicants for license under this sub-title.

Secs. 411-424 cited but not construed in *Calder v. Levi*, 168 Md. 264.

See notes to sec. 419.

Chiropody.

An. Code, 1924, sec. 363. 1912, sec. 304. 1916, ch. 173, sec. 1. 1924, ch. 589, sec. 304.

425. All persons now practicing chiropody, or who shall hereafter begin to practice chiropody in the State of Maryland shall possess the qualifications required by this sub-title. It shall be unlawful for any person to designate himself or his occupation by the use of any words or letters or trade diplomas calculated to lead others to believe that he is a chiropodist or foot specialist unless he is duly licensed as provided for in this sub-title.