

of Elections to correct such error or to show cause why such error should not be corrected.<sup>1</sup>

The amendment to Section 97 by Ch. 581 of 1924, eliminating the provision as to blank spaces for write-in ballots, held to be unconstitutional. Voting machine must contain equipment permitting voter to vote for candidate not appearing on machine. *Jackson v. Norris*, 173 Md. 597.

When a candidate has been regularly nominated by certificate in due form properly signed the supervisors must place his name upon official ballot. They cannot refuse to do so because certain signers of certificate afterwards attempt to withdraw their signatures. This section does not authorize the withdrawal of names from a certificate of nomination. Requisites of petition for mandamus. Mandamus issued. *Sterling v. Jones*, 87 Md. 143. See also *Wells v. Munroe*, 86 Md. 443.

Application for mandamus to compel election supervisors to print petitioners' names upon official ballots as candidates of a party in Anne Arundel county, refused. Local act of 1904, ch. 603. *Revell v. Holladay*, 102 Md. 93.

This section referred to in discussing question of whether a bill proposing an amendment to Constitution, contained distinct legislation requiring signature of Governor. *Warfield v. Vandiver*, 101 Md. 130 (dissenting opinion).

Cited in construing Art. 78. *Jackson v. Norris*, 173 Md. 585.

See notes to sec. 95.

1937, ch. 499.

**98.** It shall be the duty of the Boards of Election Supervisors for Garrett and Carroll Counties to advertise for bids on the printing of all ballots, cards of instruction and other printed material required to be provided for any election in their respective counties under this Article, and to award the contract for such printing to the lowest responsible bidder therefor.

An. Code, 1924, sec. 63. 1912, sec. 55. 1904, sec. 54. 1896, ch. 202, sec. 50. 1901, ch. 2. 1902, ch. 133. 1904, ch. 339. 1906, ch. 498. 1908, ch. 737. 1912, ch. 124, 1914, ch. 307, sec. 54. 1918, ch. 51, sec. 55. 1924, ch. 581, sec. 55. 1937, ch. 232, sec. 63.

**99.** The form and arrangement of the ballots shall be as follows: All ballots shall contain the name of every candidate whose nomination for any office specified in the ballot has been certified to and filed according to the provisions of this Article, and not withdrawn in accordance therewith, except that the names of the candidates for the office of Electors of President and Vice-President of the United States shall not be printed on the ballot but in lieu thereof the names of the candidates of each political party for the office of President and Vice-President shall be printed thereon. The names of candidates for every office shall be arranged alphabetically according to their surname, under the designations of the office, except that the names of the candidates of each political party for President and Vice-President shall be grouped together, with the party name at the right of the surname, under the designation "Electors for President and Vice-President", and arranged alphabetically in the order of the surnames of the Presidential candidates. Above the group of names of the candidates for each office and upon a separate line immediately underneath the designation of the office, there shall be printed in bold, plain roman capitals, twelve-point (pica) type, an appropriate direction or instruction to the voter informing him of the number of persons for whom he may lawfully vote for the particular office mentioned immediately above each such direction, thus: "Vote for One", "Vote for Two", or "Vote for Six", as the case may be. To the right of the name of each candidate

<sup>1</sup> Sec. 97 is printed to conform to the decision of the Court of Appeals in *Jackson v. Norris*, 173 Md. 597. The matter in italics, which had been eliminated by Ch. 581 of the Acts of 1924, has been restored.