## ARTICLE 37A.

## FIDUCIARIES.

- 1. Definitions.
- 2. Appplication of payments made to flduciaries.
- 3. Registration of transfer of securities held by fiduciaries.
- 4. Transfer of negotiable instruments by fiduciaries.
- Checks drawn by fiduciaries payable to third persons.
- Checks drawn by and payable to fiduciaries.

- 7. Deposit in name of fiduciary as such.
- 8. Deposit in name of principal.
- Deposit in fiduciary's personal account.
- 10. Article not retroactive.
- 11. Cases not provided for in act.
- 12. Uniform interpretation.
- 13. Name of act.

## 1929, ch. 572, sec. 1.

1. Definition of Terms. (1) In this Article, unless the context or subject matter otherwise requires:

"Bank" includes any person or association of persons, whether incorporated or not, carrying on the business of banking.

"Fiduciary" includes a trustee under any trust, expressed, implied, resulting or constructive, executor, administrator, guardian, conservator, curator, receiver, trustee in bankruptcy, assignee for the benefit of creditors, partner, agent, officer of a corporation, public or private, public officer or any other person acting in a fiduciary capacity for any person, trust or estate.

"Person" includes a corporation partnership, or other association, or two or more persons having a joint or common interest.

"Principal" includes any person to whom a fiduciary as such owes an obligation.

Cited but not construed in Iron & Steel Co. v. Page, 165 Md. 218.

## 1929, ch. 572, sec. 2.

2. Application of Payments Made to Fiduciaries. A person who in good faith pays or transfers to a fiduciary any money or other property which the fiduciary as such is authorized to receive, is not responsible for the proper application thereof by the fiduciary; and any right or title acquired from the fiduciary in consideration of such payment or transfer is not invalid in consequence of a misapplication by the fiduciary.

This section applied in All v. McComas, 162 Md. 696.