

intents and purposes as if said charter had at all times remained in full force and effect; and all real and personal property, rights and credits of said corporation at the time its charter became void, and which were not disposed of prior to the time of such revival shall be vested in such corporation, after such revival, as fully and amply as they were held by said corporation at and before the time its charter became void, and said corporation after such revival shall be as exclusively liable for all contracts, acts, matters and things made, done or performed in its name and on its behalf by its officers and agents prior to such reinstatement, as if its charter had at all times remained in full force and effect.

See notes to sec. 144.

Suits for Collection of Taxes.

1929, ch. 226, sec. 145.

145. Any tax may be collected from the person liable under this Article to pay the same by action of assumpsit instituted at any time after said tax shall become due and payable, and within the period of limitation prescribed by this Article, and such suit may be maintained notwithstanding the existence of other remedies by way of sale of real estate, or otherwise.

See footnote to sec. 1.

1929, ch. 226, sec. 146.

146. Any such suit for the collection of State taxes may be instituted either (a) in the name of the State, or (b) in the name of the Treasurer, or other officer authorized by law to collect the same, and for the collection of county or city taxes either (a) in the name of the Board of County Commissioners, or corporate name of the city, as the case may be, or (b) in the name of the officer authorized by law to collect the same describing himself always as such; provided (1) that where both State and County or City taxes are payable by the same person to the same officer, a suit brought in the latter's name may combine counts or claims for such State taxes with counts or claims for such county and/or city taxes; and provided further (2) that if the officer in whose name any such suit may have been brought shall die or resign, or in any way cease to be such officer, during the pendency of such action his successor may, on motion, be substituted as plaintiff, and any judgment obtained by any such officer may be enforced and collected by his successor in like manner as if the judgment had been obtained in the name of such successor.

1929, ch. 226, sec. 147.

147. Any such suit, whether the defendant be a resident or a non-resident of this State may be begun by writ of attachment against the lands, goods, chattels or credits of the defendant; and such attachment, except as in this Article otherwise provided, shall be governed in all respects by the rules of law and procedure applicable to attachments for liquidated dam-