the passage of this Act, shall be prosecuted to conviction and punishment to the same extent as if this Act had not been passed.

- P. L. L. (1860), Art. 3, sec. 134. 1888, Art. 3, sec. 144. B. Co. C. (1908), sec. 247. 1916, sec. 367. 1928, sec. 446.
- 446. It shall not be lawful for any person, house, company, association or corporate body to sell, directly or indirectly, or to give away at his or its place of business, any spirituous, fermented or intoxicating liquors of any origin whatever, or alcoholic bitters, within an area or district of territory in Baltimore County commencing at a stone planted on the north side of the Patapsco River and near to the bank thereof opposite to and in a northerly direction from the Alberton cotton mills, in Howard County, and extending two miles in all directions in said Baltimore County from the said point of commencement.
 - P. L. L. (1888), Art. 3, sec. 145. 1884, ch. 359. B. Co. C. (1908), sec. 248. 1916, sec. 368. 1928, sec. 447.
- 447. If any person, house, company, association or body corporate shall sell, directly or indirectly, at any place, or give away at his or its place of business, any spirituous or fermented liquors or alcoholic bitters, or intoxicating drinks of any kind, within the limits of the said area or district in Baltimore County, he or it shall, on conviction thereof, forfeit and pay on the first conviction a fine of not less than fifty dollars nor more than three hundred dollars and costs of prosecution, or instead of such fine be imprisoned in the county jail for thirty days, or both in the discretion of the court; and on the second and every subsequent conviction not less than one hundred dollars nor more than five hundred dollars, and in addition to such fine be imprisoned in the county jail for not less than thirty days nor more than ninety days in the discretion of the court; and on failure to pay any such fine as herein prescribed he shall be committed to the jail of said county until such fine and costs are paid.
 - P. L. L. (1888), Art. 3, sec. 146. 1884, ch. 359. B. Co. C. (1908), sec. 249. 1916, sec. 369. 1928, sec. 448.
- 448. Nothing contained in the two preceding sections shall be construed to prevent the compounding or sale of any such liquors for medicinal purposes by a pharmacist or druggist who shall or may obtain a license under the license laws of this State, and upon a written bona fide prescription of a regular practicing physician, whose name shall be signed thereto; and all such prescriptions shall be filed and kept by such pharmacist or druggist, and no prescription shall serve for more than one purchase; but no physician make or sign any such prescription unless the person for whom it is made is actually sick, and such liquor is absolutely necessary as a medicine; any physician, who shall make or sign any prescription for such liquor, except as aforesaid, shall be deemed guilty of a violation of said sections, and upon conviction thereof shall be fined not less than fifty dollars nor more than two hundred dollars for the first offense, and not less than two hundred dollars nor more than five hundred dollars for each subsequent offense; and if the buyer shall obtain a pre-