order a lawful fence on each side thereof, and extending sixteen feet from the cattle-guard, to which the land owner shall have the right to join his fence; provided that no land owner shall be in any way liable, either directly or indirectly, to the railroad company or any person whatever, for any damage or injury which may occur or result from the construction of his fence over the company's land, which may be necessary to connect his fence with that of the company's.

P. L. L., 1888, Art. 24, sec. 220. 1920 Code, sec. 314.

233. For any failure to comply with any of the provisions of the last preceding section, the company so failing for sixty days after such written request, shall forfeit and pay to the party injured, five dollars for each day's failure thereafter, to be recovered as other debts are now collected by an action before a justice of the peace, or the Circuit Court, when the amount is such as will give such Circuit Court jurisdiction; said notice-or request may be served upon an agent of the company.

RECORDS BURNED.

P. L. L., 1888, Art. 24, sec. 221. 1920 Code, sec. 315.

234. All deeds, papers and documents recorded in pursuance of the Act of 1835, Chapter 279, which provided for making records in place of those destroyed or lost by the burning of the Court House of Worcester County, shall have the same legal effect to all intents and purposes as the original records or papers would have had if they had not been destroyed or lost.

P. L. L., 1888, Art. 24, sec. 222. 1920 Code, sec. 316.

235. In all cases where the record of any judgment or decree, and the original papers thereto belonging, have been destroyed by the burning of the Court House as aforesaid, a short copy of such judgment or decree, or copy of the docket entries, under the seal of the clerk of the circuit court for said county, with a certificate that the record and papers have been destroyed, shall be received in evidence.

P. L. L., 1888, Art. 24, sec. 223. 1920 Code, sec. 317.

236. A writ of fieri facias, or an authenticated copy or record thereof, issued on any judgment rendered before the first day of January, in the year eighteen hundred and thirty-five, shall be prima facie evidence of the judgment therein recited; and it shall not be necessary to produce the original judgment or the record thereof.

1894, ch. 453. 1920 Code, sec. 318.

237. In all cases where any of the papers, including bills of complaint, answers, demurrers, pleas, replications, joinder of issue, evidence taken by examiners, trustee's bonds, trustee's reports of sales, auditor's reports, and all other papers filed in the proceedings in chancery cases, were de-