

the parent or guardian of such minor; nor to any midshipman or student connected with or attached to the Naval Academy at Annapolis, or under orders to join or leave the said Academy, or preparing for admission to said Academy, either for his own use or for the use of any other person, nor to any students of St. John's College at Annapolis either with or without order of some professor of said Saint John's College, either for his own use or for the use of any other person; and any person violating the provisions of this section shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be fined a sum not less than twenty-five dollars nor more than one hundred dollars, or be imprisoned in jail for not less than ten days nor more than sixty days, or be both fined and imprisoned in the discretion of the court; but if any minor shall willfully represent that he is of full age and thereby shall obtain any spirituous liquors, and the person selling the same shall be able to prove at his or her trial such misrepresentation, and that he or she used due caution in ascertaining the age of such minor before disposing of the liquor as aforesaid to said minor, then the person so selling to such minor, shall be acquitted of the said charge, the minor obtaining spirituous liquor by such misrepresentation of his or her age shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon trial and conviction before any justice of the peace shall be sentenced to pay a fine of not less than ten dollars, nor more than twenty dollars and the costs of his prosecution, or upon failure to pay such fine and costs of his prosecution, or upon failure to pay such fine and costs shall be committed to jail for a period not less than five days nor more than twenty days.

*Jessup v. State*, 117 Md. 119.

P. L. L., 1888, Art. 2, sec. 47. 1914 Code, sec. 70.

**55.** If any person, having a license of any kind, authorizing the sale of spirituous liquors, shall violate the provisions of the preceding section, or permit any person in his employ to violate the same, at or in his tavern, shop, house or place of business, or in or upon his premises, with his knowledge and consent, such license shall be suppressed by said court and be declared null and void.

P. L. L., 1888, Art. 2, sec. 48. 1914 Code, sec. 71.

**56.** The said court whenever complaint may be made to them by any two or more respectable citizens of said city, or any officer of the county or city, that any person having a license as aforesaid, is or has been violating the provisions of Section 54, shall examine witnesses and inquire into such alleged violation; and if, upon such examination and inquiry, it shall appear to their satisfaction that the party complained against has been guilty of such violation, the said court shall have full power immediately to suppress the license of such person, and no new license shall be granted to him or her.