

open from eight o'clock in the morning until six o'clock in the evening, and the returns shall be made to the said Mayor, Counselor and Aldermen, and recorded among their proceedings.

All persons registered as qualified voters in said city shall be entitled to vote at said election.

The said judges and clerks of said special election shall be subject to the same penalties as other judges and clerks of election of the State are for violations of the election laws; and the said corporation of Annapolis shall pay all expenses incurred in said special elections.

Jones v. Monroe, 86 Md. 334.

See sec. 4.

P. L. L., 1888, Art. 2, sec. 33. 1914 Code, sec. 36.

15. The Mayor shall qualify by taking and subscribing the oath of office prescribed by the Constitution, before the Clerk of the Circuit Court for Anne Arundel County, or before one of his sworn deputies. The Aldermen, Counselor and Judges and Clerks of Elections, and all other officers of the city, shall, before they enter upon the duties of their respective offices, take and subscribe before the Mayor, the following oath: "I do solemnly swear that I will faithfully execute the office of to the best of my knowledge and ability, without favor, affection or partiality." The Mayor, Counselor and Aldermen shall hold their first session in Annapolis on the third Monday in July, and shall meet on the second Monday in each month thereafter, but the Mayor may summon them to convene whenever and as often as it may appear to him that the interests of the city require their deliberation, and a majority of the whole board shall be a quorum to do business, but a smaller number may adjourn from day to day.

P. L. L., 1888, Art. 2, sec. 34. 1914 Code, sec. 37.

16. They may compel the attendance of absent members in such manner and under such penalties as they may by ordinance provide; shall settle their rules of proceedings, appoint their own officers and remove them at pleasure.

P. L. L., 1888, Art. 2, sec. 35. 1914 Code, sec. 38.

17. They shall judge of the election returns and qualifications of their own members, and may, with the concurrence of the whole number, expel any member for disorderly behavior or malconduct in office, but not a second time for the same cause.

P. L. L., 1888, Art. 2, sec. 36. 1914 Code, sec. 39.

18. They shall keep a journal of their proceedings and enter the yeas and nays upon any question, resolve or ordinance, if required by any one member, and their deliberations shall be public.