

process and do all acts which may be necessary for the exercise of said jurisdiction and may try and determine all such cases and may pronounce judgment and sentence therein to the same extent as the circuit court for such county could do in such cases, if such cases were tried before said court without a jury; provided, however, that if any person when brought before any such justice having jurisdiction in the case shall, before trial for the alleged offense, pray a jury trial, or if the State's Attorney for the county shall, before trial of such alleged offense, pray a jury trial on the part of the State, it shall be the duty of such justice to commit such alleged offender for trial, or to hold him to bail to appear for trial in the circuit court for said county at its then or next session and to return said commitment or recognizance, with the names and residences of the witnesses for the prosecution endorsed thereon, forthwith to the clerk of the said court; and the justice of the peace before whom the accused is brought for trial shall, prior to the beginning of the trial, inform him of his right to demand a trial by jury. If after trial before a justice of the peace either party shall feel aggrieved by the judgment of such justice of the peace, there shall be a right of appeal within ten days to the circuit court for said county in which such justice resides.

LIVE STOCK RUNNING AT LARGE.

P. L. L., 1888, Art. 10, sec. 220. 1878, ch. 162.

375. Whenever any kind of stock shall be impounded for trespass in Dorchester County, and any person shall take away the same without the knowledge and consent of the party trespassed upon, or his lawful agent, the party so trespassed upon shall have the right to procure said stock and have the same returned to his custody by making affidavit to the facts before a justice of the peace of the district in which he resides, who shall thereupon issue his warrant to a constable to levy upon and bring such stock before him upon a day named in the warrant, and shall at the same time issue a summons to the person so alleged to have taken away the same, notifying him to appear before him and show cause why said stock shall not be returned to the party making such affidavit; and either party shall have the right to summon witnesses, and trial shall be had and judgment given for the return of said stock or the dismissal of the complaint, together with the costs of the case as justice may require.

P. L. L., 1888, Art. 10, sec. 221. 1878, ch. 162.

376. If judgment be given in favor of the plaintiff the said stock shall at once be delivered to him, and his duties under the law of impounding for trespass shall begin anew from such date; provided, that either party shall have the right of appeal as in other cases, but execution of the judgment shall go on unless stayed by bond, as in other cases of appeal.

P. J. L., 1888, Art. 10, sec. 222. 1878, ch. 162.

377. The constable making such levy shall be entitled to two dollars therefor and reimbursement for his actual expenses in keeping said stock