named, to show cause, if any they have, why said sale shall not be ratified and confirmed; and if no cause or an insufficient cause be shown against said ratification, the said sale shall, by order of said court, be ratified and confirmed and the purchaser shall, on payment of the purchase money, have a good title to the property sold; but if good cause, in the judgment of said court, be shown in the premises, the said sale shall be set aside, in which case the said clerk shall proceed to a new sale of the property, and shall bring the proceeds into court, out of which the purchaser shall be repaid the purchase money by him to the said clerk paid on said rejected sale, and all taxes assessed on said real estate and paid by the purchaser after said sale and all costs and expenses properly incurred under said sale and in said court, with interest on all such sums from the time of payment; and if the purchaser has not paid the purchase money or costs or any subsequent taxes, said proceeds shall be applied to the payment of taxes for which said property may have been sold, and all subsequent taxes due thereon and in arrear, with interest on the same according to law, and also the costs of the proceedings; but said sale shall not be set aside if the provisions of the law shall appear to have been substantially complied with, and the burden of the proof shall be on the exceptant to show the same to be invalid; and when any sale shall have been finally ratified by the court, as herein provided, the order of ratification shall be conclusive as to the regularity of the clerk's proceedings therein of said sale, and shall not be open to inquiry except in case of fraud or collusion in said proceedings and sale on the part of or between the clerk and the purchaser.

1892, ch. 240, sec. 331. 1929, ch. 449, sec. 331.

327. That the said Commissioners shall annually appoint a bailiff and may also appoint under bailiffs, as from time to time may be necessary to preserve the good order of the town. The said bailiff shall execute all orders of the said Commissioners, and shall perform such duties as the Commissioners may assign to him; he shall account for and pay over unto the clerk all moneys collected, or received by him, if any there be, as such bailiff; he shall preserve the peace and good order of the town, may make arrests and serve warrants and other legal process within, and one mile beyond, the corporate limits of the town, and for these purposes he is hereby invested with the same power and authority as any constable has under the laws of this State, and he shall be allowed the same fees as are allowed constables for similar services, and said fees shall be taxed as part of the costs.

1892, ch. 240, sec. 332.

328. The violations of any ordinance of the said corporation shall be a misdemernor, and the person guilty of such violations may be tried and punished, as in the case of other misdemeanors. All fines and forfeitures imposed for the violation of such ordinances shall be paid over to the Town Commissioners for the use of said town.