

to establish and regulate a station-house or lock-up for temporary confinement of violators of the laws and ordinances of the town, and to suppress vagrancy.

1912, ch. 455, sec. 289A.

400. They shall also have power to demand a license from all players or showmen exhibiting within said town, to regulate and restrain theatrical or other amusements within said town, and to provide for the preservation and cleanliness, health, peace and good order of the community, and for the protection of the property and lives of its citizens, to suppress, abate and discontinue, or cause to be suppressed, abated or discontinued, all nuisances within the corporate limits of said town or village, and to insure the observation of all the said ordinances, and in addition to the action of debt, or such other civil remedies as may exist in said cases by law for the recovery of the penalties thereunto affixed, they may affix thereto such reasonable fines, not exceeding fifty dollars in any case, as to them may appear right, and in default of the payment of any fines imposed they may provide for the imprisonment of the offenders for a period not exceeding twenty days, or until the fine is paid, and instead of the aforesaid penalties it shall be lawful, in case of conviction of any person for vagrancy, to sentence such person to hard labor on the streets of said town for a period not exceeding ten days.

1912, ch. 455, sec. 289B.

401. They may also provide by ordinance for the construction of sewers, grading and lighting the streets, lanes and alleys of said town, and also for supplying the inhabitants of said town with water and regulate the placing of water mains, water plugs and public fountains; for the planting of poles and stringing of wires thereon in any of the streets, lanes and alleys thereof, and to make and enter into contracts and pass ordinances in relation thereto.

P. L. L., 1888, Art. 8, sec. 290. 1862, ch. 151. 1912, ch. 455, sec. 290.

402. They may provide by ordinance for the immediate arrest without warrant of any person violating any town ordinance by riotous or disorderly conduct or driving or riding through the streets, when, in the judgment of the President or any of the Commissioners or the bailiff of the town, the delay necessary to the issuing of a warrant will be dangerous to the peace and quiet of the said town, or the lives, limbs or property of the citizens, and when it shall appear that the offender is intoxicated so as to render it unsafe to permit him to drive through the streets they shall provide for the removal of the horse and vehicle or vehicles without the limits of the said village, or for the deposit thereof in some place of safety until the offender shall be sober, and may subject the property so taken and deposited to the payment of the costs of the proceedings and of the keep of said property until the same shall be released according to law.