

not sell intoxicating liquors nor compound or mix any composition thereof, except upon the written prescription of a regular physician; nor more than once on any one prescription of the physician; and every druggist or apothecary shall keep a book for the special purpose and enter therein the date of every sale of intoxicating liquor made by him, the person to whom sold, the kind, quantity and price thereof, and the purpose for which it was sold, and such book shall be at all times open to the said Board, or of any person designated and authorized by them to make such inspection, and shall be produced before such Board when required; and any failure to comply with the provisions of this section shall render such druggist or apothecary so failing, liable to the same penalties as if he had sold intoxicating liquors without a license.

1890, ch. 343. P. L. L. (1888), Art. 4, sec. 653R.

684. Any person who shall hereafter be convicted of selling intoxicating liquors, or any admixture thereof, in the City of Baltimore, without a license under the provisions of this sub-division of this Article, shall be sentenced to pay a fine of not less than five hundred dollars nor more than five thousand dollars, or undergo imprisonment in the jail of said city, or in the House of Correction of not less than three months, nor more than twelve months, or to both fine and imprisonment, at the discretion of the Court.

Ulman v. State. 137 Md. 642

1890, ch. 343. P. L. L. (1888), Art. 4, sec. 653S. 1918, ch. 125.

685. Any person having a license under the provisions of this sub-division of this Article who shall hereafter be convicted of violating any of the provisions of this sub-division of this Article, or of the conditions or restrictions of his license, shall be subject to a fine of not less than one hundred nor more than five hundred dollars; and for any second offense, whereof he shall be convicted he shall be subjected to a fine of not less than five hundred nor more than one thousand dollars, or to imprisonment in the jail or the House of Correction, for not less than three months nor more than twelve months, or to both fine and imprisonment, at the discretion of the Court. The license of any person who permits minors to frequent or loiter around his place, or disreputable or disorderly persons to make it a customary place of visitation or resort, may be at any time upon proof, revoked by the Criminal Court of Baltimore City, or by said Board; the same person shall not again be licensed within two years of the time of such revocation. Nothing in this sub-division of this Article shall be construed to repeal or modify any of the provisions contained in or the penalties imposed by any law of this State forbidding or restricting the sale of intoxicating liquors on a day on which elections are held.

1890, ch. 343. P. L. L. (1888), Art. 4, sec. 653T.

686. Upon complaint or allegation by any qualified voter of Baltimore City who shall give security for the cost of prosecution, that any license has been corruptly or knowingly issued by said Board to any person who