

of, and remonstrance against the granting of said license; and in all cases shall refuse the same whenever in the opinion of the said Board such license is not necessary for the accommodation of the public, or the petitioner or petitioners is or are not fit persons to whom such license should be granted; and if sufficient cause shall at any time be shown or proof be made to the said Board that the party licensed was guilty of any fraud in procuring such license, or has violated any of the conditions or restrictions of his license, or has violated any law of the State, or of the United States, or has violated any of the rules, regulations or practices adopted by the Board, the said Board may, after giving notice to the person so licensed, revoke said license; and the Criminal Court of the City may in like manner revoke said license if the party should be convicted before it of any such violation.

Trageser v. Gray, 73 Md. 253.

Liquor License Commissioners. As to powers of Liquor License Commissioners of Baltimore City to revoke a license on sufficient cause, and the extent of the Board's discretionary powers, in relation thereto, see *Childs v. White*, Daily Record, December 16, 1890.

1908, ch. 281.

676A. Any club, society or association whatever, whether incorporated or not, now in existence or hereafter to be formed, desiring to sell or furnish intoxicating liquors to its members or guests, in order to do so shall first obtain a club license from the said Board upon its application therefor to be made by a petition to be signed and sworn to in due form of law on its behalf by its president and secretary. Every such petition shall affirmatively show: First, that the applicant is a bona fide social club or society or association, composed of reputable citizens over twenty-one years of age, duly organized with officers and a constitution or by-laws, that by the terms of such constitution or by-laws the members of such applicant are required to be elected by a formal vote of its members, directors or governing body and to pay after election a substantial entrance or initiation fee, and substantial annual or semi-annual dues during their membership, and that the membership in said club, society or association is bona fide and real. Second, that the applicant was not and is not organized for the purposes of profit and does not seek a club license to sell or furnish intoxicating liquors for any purpose other than the accommodation of its members and duly recognized and registered guests. Third, the particular place in which the applicant's club, society or association is located, and proposes to sell or furnish intoxicating liquors, and that such place is not in any building which contains any saloon or other establishment that may be licensed under this sub-division of this Article to sell liquors, designating such place by street and number, or otherwise definitely to the satisfaction of the said Board. Fourth, the name of the owner of the premises so used or occupied by said applicant. Fifth, that the applicant has not had a license for the sale of intoxicating liquors in this State revoked nor has it been convicted of any crime within one year preceding the filing of said petition. Sixth, that the applicant will obey and observe all laws applicable to it prohibiting the sale of