definitely locates it; (3) the kind of license desired, whether a saloon license, hotel license, retail grocer's license, wholesale druggist's license, wholesale trader's license, or license for a bottler of fermented liquors; (4) the name of the owner of the premises upon which the business is licensed to be carried on; (5) a statement that the applicant is a citizen of the United States, and that it is necessary for the accommodation of the public that the place should be licensed; (6) that the applicants have not, nor has any of them, had a license for the sale of intoxicating liquors in this State revoked, or, if the applicants or any of them shall at any time have had a license for the sale of intoxicating liquors in this State revoked, a full statement shall be made of the circumstances attendant upon such revocation, nor has been convicted of any crime within one year preceding the filing of said petition; (7) that applicant will not knowingly sell, or allow to be sold in the said house or on the said premises any such liquors on Sunday or on election days, or to minors at any time, or allow a minor to drink in said house or on said premsies; that applicant will not keep or permit to be kept a bawdy house in the said house or on the said premises, or the gathering together or the visitation to said house or premises of women for lewd or immoral purposes; (8) this petition must be verified by the affidavit of the petitioner, made before a Notary Public; if any false statement is made in any part of said petition, the license granted or issued to the petition may be at any time upon proof revoked by the Board of Liquor License Commissioners and the petitioner shall also be deemed guilty of perjury, and upon indictment and conviction thereof, his license shall be revoked by the Criminal Court of Baltimore City or by the Board of Liquor License Commissioners and he shall be subject to the penalties provided by law for that crime.

Ordinary, License for. The oath prescribed by sec. 86, Art. 56, Public General Laws of Maryland, must be administered before a license can be validly issued for an ordinary, notwithstanding the practice in vogue in Baltimore City. Blackburn v. Livingstone, Dally Record, Jan. 15, 1900. Note provisions of section 689 of this Article.

1890, ch. 343. P. L. L. (1888), Art. 4, sec. 653-I. 1918, ch. 125.

675. There shall be annexed to this petition a certificate signed by at least ten respectable qualified voters, residing or doing business in the ward in which the petitioner asks to do business, stating the residence or place of business of each person, certifying and setting forth that they have been acquainted with the petitioner or petitioners for (specifying the length of such acquaintance), that they have good reason to believe that all the statements contained in the petition are true, and they therefore pray that the prayer of the said petitioner be granted and the license issued as prayed for. This section shall not apply to wholesale traders and bottlers of fermented liquors.

1890, ch. 343. P. L. L. (1888), Art. 4, sec. 653J. 1918, ch. 125.

676. The said Board shall publicly hear petitions from residents of the ward or persons living or doing business in the vicinity of the place for which any license is prayed, in addition to that of the petitioner, in favor