

by the said City or County, shall notify the chairman of the Anatomy Board, said board being composed of a demonstrator of anatomy from each medical school in the State, of the existence and possession of such bodies, and shall give permission to said Anatomy Board, through its chairman, or to any physician or surgeon of the State of Maryland upon his request made therefor, to take such bodies within forty-eight hours after death, to be by him used within the State for the advancement of medical science, preference being given to medical schools, public and private; and said bodies shall be distributed to and among the same equitably, the number assigned to each being proportioned to that of its students; provided, however, that if any person claiming to be and satisfying the proper authorities that he is, of kindred to the deceased, or that he was a friend to deceased during his life, shall ask to have the body for burial, it shall be surrendered for interment; or if such deceased person was a stranger or traveler who died suddenly, the body shall be buried and not handed over as aforesaid. Any public officer of Baltimore City or County having charge of or control over the bodies of the deceased persons required to be buried at the public expense or at the expense of any institution supported by said city or county, who shall neglect or refuse to comply with the requirements of this section, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall upon conviction be fined not less than fifty nor more than one hundred dollars for each and every offense.

1882, ch. 113. P. L. L. (1888), Art. 4, sec. 154.

**299.** Every physician or surgeon, before receiving any such dead body shall give to the proper authorities a sufficient bond that such body shall be used only for the promotion of medical science within the State; and whosoever shall use such body for any other purpose, or shall remove the same beyond the limits of this State, and whosoever shall sell or buy such body, or in any way traffic in the same, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall, on conviction, be imprisoned for a term not exceeding five years at hard labor in the City Jail.

## COURTS.

### SUPERIOR COURT, COURT OF COMMON PLEAS, AND BALTIMORE CITY COURT.

1870, ch. 177. P. L. L. (1888), Art. 4, sec. 155.

**300.** The Judge before whom any case may be tried in either the Baltimore City Court, the Superior Court of Baltimore City, or in the Court of Common Pleas, shall have exclusive jurisdiction to hear and determine, and the said judge shall hear and determine, all motions for a new trial where such motions arise, either on questions of fact or for misdirection upon any matters of law, and all motions in arrest of judgment, or upon any matters of law, determined by the said judge; and all such motions shall be heard and determined within thirty days after they are made.