

imposed shall be paid, and the same returned to the party paying the same in the event of a reversal on appeal. The Justice of the Peace or court before whom a final conviction shall be had under any of the provisions of this sub-title, shall endorse upon or attach to the operator's certificate of the person so convicted the date and particulars of said conviction; and any person destroying, erasing or concealing said endorsement of imprisonment or statement so attached, or failing to display the same together with said license certificate when required so to do by the provisions of this sub-title shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof, be fined a sum not less than twenty-five dollars (\$25.00) nor more than one hundred dollars (\$100.00) or imprisoned for a period of not less than ten days nor more than thirty days, or both fined and imprisoned for the first offense.

Since art. 52, sec. 12, is not applicable to prosecutions under sec. 157 (vol. 2), An. Code, 1912, accused may not have jury trial below, but is limited to jury trial on appeal; writ of *certiorari* properly refused. Words "nearest justice of the peace," must receive a reasonable interpretation, and fact that some other justice may be nearer by a small distance, does not oust justice of jurisdiction. Warrants held to be amendable under art. 52, sec. 14. Warrants held not sufficiently specific. *Crichton v. State*, 115 Md. 425. And see *Ruggles v. State*, 120 Md. 558.

Judgment of circuit court on appeal under sec. 157 (vol. 2), An. Code, 1912, is final and binding. Method of testing the jurisdiction of the justice—on the ground, for instance, of the unconstitutionality of law—is by writ of *certiorari* to circuit court, and from decision of that court on this question, an appeal lies to court of appeals. *Hendrick v. State*, 115 Md. 556. (See also 59 L. Ed. 385.)

See sec. 186.

Traffic Court.

An. Code, sec. 159. 1918, ch. 85, sec. 159. 1920, ch. 506, sec. 159. 1924, ch. 554.

205. In addition to the Justices of the Peace provided for in Section 623 of Article 4 of the Code of Public Local Laws of Maryland, there shall be appointed by the Governor, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, and if the Senate shall not be in session, by the Governor, from the City of Baltimore at large, not more than three additional Justices of the Peace, to be known as the Justices of the Peace of the Traffic Court, who shall be of high moral character and reputable members of the Bar of the Supreme Bench of Baltimore City, who shall have been actively engaged in the practice of law for at least five years; one Justice to be known as the Justice of the Peace of the Traffic Court, whose duty shall be to care for the general business of said Court and to have charge of the administration thereof, and who is to receive the salary of three thousand dollars per annum, payable monthly, and not more than two other associate Justices of the Peace of the Traffic Court, who shall each receive the salary of three thousand dollars per annum, payable monthly, and shall receive no other compensation or fees whatever for the performance of any duty required by law. Said Traffic Court shall be divided into separate courts, and one of said Justices of the Peace shall be assigned to each of said courts. The Traffic Court shall be in session every day except Sundays and holidays. Said Traffic Court shall have exclusive jurisdiction within the City of Baltimore to hear and determine all complaints of violations