unless required by a member of the Board. Said list shall be arranged under the following heading: "Disqualified Voters," under which shall be placed the name of persons suspected to be disqualified under Sections 2 and 3 of Article 1 of the Constitution, or otherwise; "Deceased Voters," under which shall be placed all who are known or supposed to be dead; "Removed," under which shall be placed all who are known or supposed to have removed from their last address.

On each of the Tuesdays before separating, the members of said Board of Registry representing each of the two leading political parties, shall make out and deliver to two of their number of opposite politics a list of the names and addresses of all those whom are on the registers of voters as qualified voters whom the officers of registration in accordance with the foregoing provisions of this Section have noted for erasure. The said two officers of registration to whom such list is delivered shall thereupon proceed in respect thereto as the provisions of Section 23 of this Article directed. On each of the Tuesdays, respectively, six and four weeks preceding the regular election in November, the Board of Registry in each precinct shall, at the beginning of the session receive the report of the said two officers of registration to whom the aforesaid list was delivered at the last preceding session, and shall proceed in regard thereto as directed by the provisions of Section 24 of this Article.

The Board of Registry shall again meet for revision only on the Tuesday three weeks before said election, and a session shall be held between the hours of 2 o'clock P. M. and 10 o'clock P. M. The Board of Registry at this session shall add no new names to the registers of voters, but shall proceed as the provisions of Section 24 of this Article direct.

The phraseology of the portion of this section relative to persons suspected, compared with that of sec. 24. This section seems intended in itself to make a complete provision for Baltimore city for the noting of suspected voters. A single member of board of registry cannot require board to place upon suspected list any voter named by him, without inquiring into the grounds of the suspicion or belief as to his disqualification. Wilson v. Carter, 103 Md. 121.

Purpose of requiring an applicant to produce a certificate of his removal from

Purpose of requiring an applicant to produce a certificate of his removal from precinct where he was formerly registered. Such applicant is to be questioned just as though he had presented himself for registration without being registered elsewhere. Although applicant was not questioned as he should have been, he may prove that he was entitled to register, in which case his name will not be struck off list. Davis at O'Berry, 93 Md, 710

list. Davis v. O'Berry, 93 Md. 710.

This section referred to in construing sec. 27. Collier v. Carter, 100 Md. 385.

This section referred to in construing secs. 194 and 201; see notes to the latter.

Murphy v. Wachter, 126 Md. 565.

Cited but not construed in Carle v. Musgrove, 77 Md. 176-177.

See notes to secs. 24 and 27.

An. Code, sec. 28. 1904, sec. 27. 1901, ch. 2, sec. 25A. 1908, ch. 285.

30. All persons whom, prior to the passage of the act of 1901, chapter 2 (March 21, 1901), shall have vacated or removed from, or have gone with their parents from the place of their actual abode, domicile, dwelling place or habitation within this State, and shall have taken a domicile, dwelling place, abode or habitation out of this State, shall be conclusively presumed to have thereby intended to abandon their legal residence in this State, and to have surrendered their right to registration as legal voters in