

existing law; and nothing in said Act shall release any corporation from the payment of any tax or the performance of any obligation to the State or to any county or city therein due or existing on the first day of June, in the year nineteen hundred and sixteen, or affect or change the remedy provided for the collection or enforcement of the same; and nothing in said Act shall release, affect or impair the rights of any creditor or creditors of any corporation or the obligations or liability of any corporation or of any stockholder or of any corporate officer existing on the said first day of June, in the year nineteen hundred and sixteen, or the remedies to enforce or protect the same.

### Provisions for Formation.

1904, art. 23, secs. 14 and 50. 1888, art. 23, secs. 14 and 42. 1868, ch. 471.  
secs. 14 and 37. 1876, ch. 349. 1890, ch. 339. 1892, ch. 39. 1894, ch. 557.  
1908, ch. 240, sec. 3. 1916, ch. 596, sec. 3.

3. The incorporators, being any three or more adult persons shall sign and at least three of them shall acknowledge a certificate of incorporation in which shall be stated:

(a) That the subscribers thereto (giving their names and postoffice addresses) associate themselves with the intention of forming a corporation;

(b) The name of the proposed corporation, which shall always be such as to indicate that it is a corporation as distinguished from a natural person or a partnership. This provision shall be deemed to be complied with if the name of the corporation begin with the word "The" and end with the word "Company," or if the name contain the word "Corporation" or the word "Incorporated";

(c) The purpose or purposes for which the corporation is formed and the business or objects to be carried on and promoted by it.

(d) The postoffice address of the place at which the principal office of the corporation in this State will be located and the name or names and postoffice address or addresses of the corporation's resident agent or agents, (giving in each case the county and city, town or place and street and number, if number there be).

(e) The total amount of capital stock, if any, of the proposed corporation, and the number and par value of the shares; and the restrictions, if any, imposed upon the transfer of the shares. If the capital stock is to be classified under the power hereinafter granted, the certificate of incorporation shall also set forth a description of each class, with the preferences, voting powers, restrictions and qualifications of each class and the number and par value of the shares of each class.

(f) The number of trustees, directors or managers, which shall not be less than three; and the names of those who shall act as such until the first annual meeting or until their successors are duly chosen and qualified.