

med who shall not have been registered as aforesaid as a law student before beginning said period of study; but any candidate who shall have pursued the study of law in a school outside the State of Maryland for the requisite period may take the Bar examination without registration; provided he shall satisfy the said Board of Law Examiners that before beginning the study of law he had completed the course of a university, college, high school or other school approved by the Board of Law Examiners, or was admitted to a college or law school, the requirements for entrance to which shall be approved by the Board of Law Examiners.

The said Board shall report their proceedings in the examination of applicants to the Court of Appeals, with any recommendations said Board shall desire to make. If the Court of Appeals shall then find the applicant to be qualified to discharge the duties of an attorney, and to be of good moral character and worthy to be admitted, they shall pass an order admitting him to practice in all the Courts of the State.

The Court of Appeals shall prescribe rules for a uniform system of examinations in this State, both for registration as aforesaid and for admission to the Bar; and for the fees to be paid by the applicant upon taking the examinations aforesaid; and for the compensation of the members of the Board, who shall be paid out of said fees; and generally such other rules as may be necessary or convenient to carry out the provisions of this section.

The Board of Examiners shall render an annual account of their expenses to the Court of Appeals.

Any fraudulent act or representation by any applicant in connection with his application, registration or examination shall be sufficient cause for the revocation of the order admitting him to practice.

The provisions of this section as to registration and general preliminary education shall not apply to those students who shall have matriculated at the Law Department of the University of Maryland, or shall have begun the study of law in the office of a member of the Bar of this State before the first day of January, 1918; nor shall the provisions of this section relative to the three-year period of legal study affect any law student who shall have matriculated in any reputable law school before April 18, 1916.

1904, art. 10, sec. 3. 1892, ch. 37. 1898, ch. 139. 1902, ch. 399.  
1916, ch. 509. 1918, ch. 270.

**3.\*** All applicants for admission to the bar shall be referred by the Court of Appeals to the State Board of Law Examiners, who shall

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\*Both the act of 1918, chapter 426, and the act of 1918, chapter 270, repealed and re-enacted article 10, section 3. Although the former was approved on April 18, 1918, and the latter on April 10, 1918, in view of the decision of the Court of Appeals of Maryland in *Baltimore v. German-American Fire Insurance Company* (filed April 2, 1918), both acts are codified.