they may need for the purpose of re-shelling the natural beds, and in inviting proposals for such shells they may prescribe that the shells shall be delivered to the superintendent of natural beds, or to his order, at some convenient place for the shipment of the said shells, or they may require that the said shells shall be delivered by the sellers thereof on such particular natural bed or beds as the commission may then be engaged in re-shelling, and may require the seller of such shells to distribute them under the direction and control of the superintendent of natural beds. If they shall buy such shells to be delivered otherwise than on the natural beds, the board of shell fish commissioners shall have the power to cause the said shells to be taken from the place at which they are delivered to the said superintendent of natural beds to the said natural beds, and to cause the said shells to be there, under the superintendent, or the superintendent of natural oyster beds, properly distributed on the bed or beds, which the board of shell fish commissioners may then be engaged in re-shelling.\*

## 1910, ch. 735, sec. 123 (p. 214).

127. For the purpose of discharging the duties imposed upon them by sections 124 to 128, the board of shell fish commissioners shall have the same control and direction and to the same extent over the state fishery force, as is given to the said board of shell fish commissioners by section 99 of this article for the purpose of performing the duties imposed upon the board of shell fish commissioners by chapter 711 of the acts of 1906.\*

As to the state fishery force, see sec. 34, et seq.

## 1910, ch. 735, sec. 124 (p. 214).

128. The said board of shell fish commissioners shall in no case contract any obligation or incur any indebtedness in excess of money at the time of the incurring of said obligation or contracting of said debt, in the state treasury to the credit of the natural oyster re-shelling fund.\*

## 1908, ch. 590, sec. 1,

129. It shall be the duty of the board of shell fish commissioners, as soon after April 6, 1908, as practicable, to have laid out, surveyed and designated on charts provided for such purpose, gravel rock, ware rock and flat rock, being clam rocks located in the waters of Pocomoke sound, in Somerset county, and State of Maryland, and shall cause to be marked and defined as accurately as practicable the limits and boundaries of each of the above named rocks, and they shall take true and accurate notes of said survey and mark the report and perform all other

<sup>\*</sup>Section 124 to 128 if not void under the decision of the Court of Appeals of Maryland in Foote v. Clagett, filed June 23, 1911—see Daily Record, June 29, 1911—would seem to be rendered inoperative for all practical purposes by that decision.