

bartered by him, he shall on conviction pay a fine of not less than fifty nor more than two hundred dollars, together with the costs of prosecution, and upon failure to pay the same shall be committed to jail and confined therein until such fine or costs are paid, or for the period of forty days, whichever shall first occur; and it shall be the duty of the court before whom said person shall be convicted to suppress the license.

1904, art. 56, sec. 97. 1890, ch. 304, sec. 86 b.

97. If any person shall take out an ordinary license as herein provided without having the bedding and other accommodations required, he shall on conviction pay a fine of not less than fifty nor more than two hundred dollars, together with the costs of prosecution, and upon failure to pay the same shall be committed to jail and confined therein until such fine and costs are paid, or for the period of forty days, whichever shall first occur; and it shall be the duty of the court before whom said person shall be convicted to suppress the license.

See sec. 73.

Ibid. sec. 98. 1902, ch. 291, sec. 86 c.

98. It shall not be lawful for any person, or for any club or association, or for any corporation now formed or hereafter to be formed, or for any officer, agent or employe of any such club, association or corporation, to hire or employ any minor to sell or dispense anywhere in the State any beer or spirituous or fermented liquors of any kind at retail, where such beer or liquors are to be drunk upon the premises. Any person violating any provision of this section shall upon conviction be fined a sum not exceeding one hundred dollars.

Ibid. sec. 99. 1888, art. 56, sec. 87. 1860, art. 56, sec. 92. 1827, ch. 117.
sec. 3. 1831, ch. 323, sec. 11.

99. The clerk shall not, without the special order of the court or the judge thereof, grant a license to any person to sell spirituous or fermented liquors from whom the grand jury has recommended a license to be withheld or to a person whose license has been suppressed by the court.

This section is a valid regulation under the police power. *Cahen v. Jarrett*, 42 Md. 578.

Ibid. sec. 100. 1888, art. 56, sec. 88. 1860, art. 56, sec. 91.
1858, ch. 414, sec. 11.

100. In all prosecutions for a violation of any of the provisions of this article relating to license to sell goods, wares, or merchandise, or spirituous or fermented liquors, one-half of the fine shall be paid to the informer and the other half to the State; and it shall be the duty of the grand jury to endorse on the back of the indictment the name of the informer.