or person under the age of twenty-one years shall be responsible for all contracts made in the prosecution of such business under such license and shall be liable to be sued therefor in any of the courts of this State; and the said feme covert may be sued or indicted and prosecuted in case of a violation by her of the license law of this State. or in case she should keep a disorderly house, as if she were a feme sole; and if judgment be obtained against her on any contract, execution shall or may issue in the ordinary way to affect her separate estate; provided, however, that such responsibility shall in no manner affect or impair the responsibility of the parent of such infant under existing laws.

The portion of this section with reference to the issuing of licenses to a feme covert or minor, is a valid regulation under the police power. Cahen v. Jarrett, 42 Md. 577.

This section held to have no application to a suit against a married woman on a contract made by her for personal services. Davis v. Carroll, 71 Md. 571.

Prior to article 47, section 35, a married woman trading under this section, was not subject to insolvency proceedings. Clark v. Manko, 80 Md. 79; Relief Bldg. Assn. v. Schmidt, 55 Md. 100.

Cited but not construed in Lowekamp v. Koechling, 64 Md. 96; Ahern v. Fink, 64 Md. 163.

See notes to sec. 38.

1904, art. 56, sec. 40. 1888, art. 56, sec. 37. 1860, art. 56, sec. 43. 1858, ch. 414, sec. 3.

40. The applicant shall state to the clerk on oath to be administered by the clerk, or if the applicant reside in a county to be administered by the said clerk or any justice of the peace, the amount of said applicant's stock of goods, wares and merchandise generally kept on hand by him or the concern in which he is engaged at the principal season of sale; or if said applicant shall not have previously engaged in such trade or business, the amount of such stock he expects to keep as aforesaid.

As to the admissibility in evidence of the affidavit made under this section in a suit against a fire insurance company, see Mispelhorn v. Farmers' etc., Ins. Co., 53 Md. 479.

See notes to sec. 38.

Ibid. sec. 41. 1888, art. 56, sec. 38. 1860, art. 56, sec. 44. 1858, ch. 414, sec. 2.

41. If it shall appear from the statement so made on oath that the amount of the applicant's stock in trade does not or will not exceed one thousand dollars, the sum of twelve dollars shall be demanded and received by said clerk from said applicant before granting the license applied for.

See notes to sec. 38,

Ibid. sec. 42. 1888, art. 56, sec. 39. 1860, art. 56, sec. 45. 1858, ch. 414, sec. 2.

42. If more than one thousand dollars and not more than fifteen bundred dollars, the sum of fifteen dollars.