

1904, art. 52, sec. 61. 1888, art. 52, sec. 59. 1860, art. 51, sec. 52. 1834, ch. 257, sec. 2.

**63.** A justice of the peace may take one person as security on a *supersedeas* of a judgment of a justice of the peace.

Ibid. sec. 62. 1888, art. 52, sec. 60. 1860, art. 51, sec. 53. 1825, ch. 223.  
1835, ch. 224, sec. 2.

**64.** If a justice, in taking a *supersedeas*, reads over the form hereinafore prescribed to the party and his security, he may enter the same short on his docket or on the judgment, in this form or to this effect: "Superseded by A. B. and C. D. (as the case may be,) this \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_ for \_\_\_\_\_ months," which shall be as valid as if the confession had been written out at length in the form hereinbefore given.

A *supersedeas* judgment must state the date when same was confessed. *Dilley v. Shipley*, 4 Gill, 49 (explained as to the ground of the decision in *Brumbaugh v. Schnebly*, 2 Md. 325).

Ibid. sec. 63. 1888, art. 52, sec. 61. 1860, art. 51, sec. 54. 1843, ch. 321.

**65.** Every security in a *supersedeas* of a judgment rendered by a justice of the peace shall sign the same; or, if he can not write, make his mark; and no such *supersedeas* shall be valid against any security unless his signature or mark shall have been affixed thereto and attested by the justice.

Cited but not construed in *Bowes v. Isaacs*, 33 Md. 541.

Ibid. sec. 64. 1888, art. 52, sec. 62. 1860, art. 51, sec. 55. 1792, ch. 74.

**66.** An execution may be issued by a justice of the peace previous to the *supersedeas* of the judgment, but the constable or sheriff shall not proceed on said execution if a certificate that the judgment has been superseded be shown to him, the defendant paying the costs of execution.

Ibid. sec. 65. 1888, art. 52, sec. 63. 1860, art. 51, sec. 56. 1791, ch. 67, sec. 4.  
1835, ch. 201, sec. 12.

**67.** No execution or *scire facias* shall issue against the securities on any *supersedeas* taken on a judgment rendered by a justice of the peace after the expiration of four years from the date of said *supersedeas*, and after the lapse of the said four years such securities shall be discharged.

Ibid. sec. 66. 1888, art. 52, sec. 64. 1860, art. 51, sec. 57. 1826, ch. 194, sec. 3.

**68.** A confession of judgment by way of *supersedeas* of a judgment or decree in a court of record shall be a lien on the lands of the persons therein named from the time such *supersedeas* is filed with the clerk of the court in the same manner as judgments rendered in any court of law.

Ibid. sec. 67. 1888, art. 52, sec. 65. 1860, art. 51, sec. 58. 1826, ch. 194, sec. 4.

**69.** The confession of a judgment by way of *supersedeas* shall not defeat the lien of the original judgment.

See notes to sec. 56.