

1904, art. 43, sec. 103. 1896, ch. 194, sec. 63.

132. It shall be the duty of the secretary of either or both of said state boards of medical examiners to inquire into all violations of law under this article and to institute all proceedings or prosecutions thereof, and all expenses incurred by any secretary of either of such boards hereunder shall be allowed and paid out of the funds acquired by or belonging to said boards respectively.

Ibid. sec. 104. 1896, ch. 194, sec. 64.

133. The said board of medical examiners shall have full control over the expenditures and disposition of the funds collected from the fees and charges authorized to be made under the terms of this sub-title, and shall fix and allow such compensation as they may deem proper for service rendered in the performance of the duties required by this sub-title by members of said board or others, with the full power also to allow and discharge all proper expenses of said board, and any surplus, to dispose of as said board may deem for the advantage of the practice of medicine in this State.

Ibid. sec. 105. 1902, ch. 612, sec. 64.

134. Any person practising or attempting to practise medicine under the name of any other person, whether that person be a resident of this State or not, or whether he or she be deceased or not, or any person acting under the name of and as agent of any other person, in the capacity of a practitioner of medicine or surgery, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction by any court having criminal jurisdiction shall be punished by imprisonment in the city or county jail for not less than thirty days nor more than one year, or by a fine of not less than twenty dollars nor more than five hundred dollars, or both, in the discretion of the court, for each offense.

Ibid. sec. 106. 1902, ch. 612, sec. 65.

135. Either board of medical examiners of this State may, by a vote of five members, revoke any license which it has issued, and may cause the name of any physician licensed by said board to be removed from the register of the licentiates of the city or county where it may be recorded for any of the following causes, to wit: The use of fraud or deception in passing the examination provided in this sub-title, habitual drunkenness, criminal abortion, conviction of crime involving moral turpitude or unprofessional or dishonorable conduct. Before proceeding to revoke any such license, the person against whom complaint is made shall be furnished with a copy of the complaint and charges made against him, and shall be given an opportunity for a hearing before the board, in person or by attorney, and at such hearing testimony may be offered for and against the accused. The action of the board shall be reduced to writing, stating also the reasons for said action, and a copy thereof shall be delivered or mailed to the person against whom complaint is made; within sixty days after said notice of revocation of