

1904, art. 43, sec. 66. 1890, ch. 622, sec. 1.

94. Whenever any physician or person acting as a physician shall know or shall have cause to believe that any person whom he has attended during the last illness of such person in this State, outside the limits of the city of Baltimore, has died of small-pox, cholera, yellow fever, typhoid or typhus fever, diphtheria, leprosy or any other disease of a contagious, infectious or epidemic character, the said physician or person acting as a physician shall, over his own signature, immediately give notice thereof to the secretary of the state board of health, which notice shall state the cause of the death, the name, age, sex and color of the deceased, and such other information in connection with the existence and spread of the disease, as may be deemed important for the protection of the public health; and if no physician has been in attendance during the last illness, or at the time of the death of such person, then it shall be the duty of the householder, in whose house or upon whose premises the death occurred, to transmit to the secretary of the state board of health the facts in accordance with the requirements of this section.

See sec. 41, *et seq.*

*Ibid.* sec. 67. 1890, ch. 622, sec. 2.

95. Whenever any hotel keeper, keeper of a boarding or lodging-house, superintendent, manager or director of a private or public institution of any kind shall know, or be informed by a physician, or shall have reason to believe that any guest, inmate or other person in the hotel, boarding-house, lodging-house or institution over which he or she may have control or supervision, or on the premises thereof, is sick with or convalescing from small-pox, cholera, yellow fever, typhus or typhoid fever, scarlet fever, leprosy or any other contagious or infectious disease, the said owner, proprietor, manager or other person having charge shall immediately give notice thereof in writing to the health officer of the city or town in which the infected house or premises is located or to the secretary of the state board of health, if there is no local health officer who can efficiently deal with the case; said notice shall state the name and place of residence of the person sick, the name of the disease, the name of the owner, proprietor or manager of the house and the locality of said house, and it shall be the duty of the local or state health officer, as the case may be, to take such steps and do such things as may be necessary to render effective the provisions of sections 41 to 50, both inclusive.

*Ibid.* sec. 68. 1890, ch. 622, sec. 3.

96. Any person or persons who shall neglect or refuse to comply with the provisions of the two foregoing sections shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall upon conviction thereof in a court of competent jurisdiction be fined not more than fifty dollars for every such offense.