DESCRIPTION OF MEMORIAL AND OTHER ROOMS IN THE RESPECTIVE BUILDINGS.



- 1. TRIMBLE BUILDING.
- 2. BUCHANAN BUILDING.
- 3. LITTLE BUILDING.
- 4. TILGHMAN BUILDING.
- 5. ARCHER BUILDING.

- 6. SEMMES BUILDING.
- 7. ELZEY BUILDING.
- 8. WINDER BUILDING.
- Q. MACKALL BUILDING.
- 10. JACKSON BUILDING.

THE MAJOR-GENERAL ISAAC R. TRIMBLE BUILDING contains the relic hall, also a bathroom, and the following memorial rooms: Captain R. B. Buck, Frank H. Sanderson, First Maryland Artillery, Zollinger and Colonel Harry Gilmor.

General Trimble was born May 15, 1802. Cadet at West Point, 1818; graduated, 1822; resigned, 1832; entered the Confederate service May, 1861, and appointed Colonel of Engineers; and September 3, 1861, ordered to command of river batteries at Evansport; November 13, 1861, relieved from duty at Evansport, and assigned November 16, 1861, to command of Third Brigade, Second Division, Army of Northern Virginia; November 22, 1861, assigned to command of Fourth Brigade, Second Division, Army of Northern Virginia; October 26, 1862, recommended by General Lee to be promoted to Major General to command Jackson's Division; January 19, 1863, promoted to Major-General; May 28, 1863, assigned to command of Shenandoah Valley; engaged at Cold Harbor, Gaines' Mill, Malvern Hill. Westover, Winchester (1863), Port Republic, Cross Keys, Slaughter Mountain, Cedar Run, Hazel River and capture of Manassas Junction, August 26, 1862, and At Cross Keys, General Ewell in his report says: "Trimble's Brigade had the brunt of action and is entitled to most thanks." August 26, 1862, General Trimble, with a force of five hundred men, was voluntarily detached from Jackson's army, and, in co-operation with a portion of Stuart's cavalry, captured a vast quantity of quartermaster's commissary and ordnance stores at Manassas Junction, which was then far in the rear of the Federal Army. His loss was but fifteen men wounded, and the capture amounted to eight guns and three hundred prisoners, besides the immense stores. General Trimble was twice severely wounded — once at the second battle of Manassas, and at Gettysburg, where he was taken prisoner. At Gettysburg he commanded Major-General Pender's Division.