

thereon, to be repaid out of the proceeds of the sale of said certificates of indebtedness when issued and sold. Provided, that nothing in this act shall be taken to authorize the expenditure of the whole or any part of any allotment under this sub-title of the proceeds of bonds directed to be expended in the City of Baltimore or in any county of the State in any other place or places than as so allotted, and that it shall be the duty of the State Roads Commission, where the expenditure of the allotment or allotments for the said City of Baltimore or any given county is not complete, and is not progressing equally with the expenditure of other allotments, to set aside and reserve the unexpended portion of such allotment in such manner as to be available when needed, without the delay of awaiting the sale of additional bonds.

SEC. 2. *And be it further enacted*, That all acts and parts of acts, laws and parts of laws inconsistent with the provisions of this act be and the same are hereby repealed to the extent of such inconsistency.

SEC. 3. *And be it further enacted*, That this act shall take effect from the date of its passage.

Approved April 8, 1912.

CHAPTER 362.

AN ACT to prohibit any person or persons from shooting muskrats in or upon the waters of the Nanjemoy Creek, its tributaries or branches in Charles county, Maryland, by using a reflector light or other kind of light or lights.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland*, That it shall be unlawful for any person or persons to shoot muskrats in or upon the waters of the Nanjemoy Creek, its tributaries or branches, in Charles county, Maryland, with a reflector light or any other kind of light or lights. Any person violating the provisions of this act shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay a fine of not less than ten nor more than twenty dollars and costs; and upon failure to pay the fine imposed shall be committed to the county jail for a period of not less than ten nor more than thirty days; provided, however, that any person or persons convicted under this act can have the right of appeal to the Circuit Court for Charles County within fifteen days after the date of the judgment of the justice of the peace before whom same may be tried.