	Total Budgetary Fund Equities and Other Accounts June 30, 1987	Financial Statement Funds						
		General	Special Revenue	Debt Service	Capital Projects	Enterprise	Trust and Agency	Higher Education
Classification of budgetary fund equities and other accounts into GAAP fund structure:								
General Special revenue Current unrestricted Current restricted Other accounts (a):	405,398 130,253	\$298,245 127,401	\$132,964	\$ 86,711	\$12,506	\$ 45,811	\$ 5	\$130,253 1,942
Non-budgeted Debt service transportation bonds	70,752	44,884	6,616	70,752	(15.67.4)	3		
Capital projects Enterprise Expendable trust Nonexpendable trust	596,324				(15,674)	88,662 1,735,845	596,324 85,746	
Pension trust Higher education							6,141,605	1,153,137
Budgetary fund equities and other accounts classified into GAAP fund structure	\$10,743,738	470,530	139,580	157,463	(3,168)	1,870,321	6,823,680	1,285,332
Accounting principal differences: Assets recognized in the GAAP financial statements not recognized for budgetary								
purposes: Cash and short term investments Taxes receivable		1,479 3,143						
Intergovernmental receivables Other accounts receivable Liabilities recognized in GAAP financial statements not recognized for budgetary		37,340 7,184						
purposes: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Deferred income tax revenue Local income taxes payable to local income		(38,073) 45,000						
taxes agency fund		(82,804)						
GAAP financial statement fund equities, June 30, 1987		\$443,799	\$139,580	\$157,463	\$(3,168)	\$1,870,321	\$6,823,680	\$1,285,335

(a) The State's accounting system is maintained by the Comptroller in compliance with State Law and in accordance with the State's Budgetary Funds. In addition to the accounting systems maintained by the Comptroller, certain individual agencies which are not subject to the State budget maintain accounting systems which permit financial reporting on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles. The change in net assets of agencies whose accounting systems are not entirely maintained by the Comptroller are recorded in the State's accounting system as of June 30 each year.

4. Cash and Short-Term Investments and Investments:

Substantially all cash and short-term investments of the governmental fund types and certain proprietary and fiduciary funds are maintained by the State Treasurer on a pooled basis. The State Treasurer's Office invests short-term funds on a daily basis. The investments consist of direct purchases of securities or repurchase agreements. Under the State Finance and Procurement Article of the Annotated Code of Maryland, Title 2, Section 6, the State Treasurer may invest in the following:

- Any obligation for which the United States has pledged its faith and credit for the payment of principal and interest.
- Any obligation that a federal agency issues in accordance with an act of Congress.
- Repurchase agreements that any of these obligations secure.