

Troops, of December 19, 1864, they are not entitled under said Act, and repeated inquiries at the War Department in Washington, have established the fact beyond question, that no substitute was credited to that call who entered the service *before* December 19th, 1864.

My predecessor in his report for the Fiscal Year ended September 30th, 1866, estimated that \$20,800 would probably pay all claimants for bounty on rolls not then returned; but the fact has been developed that very few of the Regiments, white or colored, credited to this State, were fully returned by the Provost Marshall; and since said Report was published, over two thousand and forty-seven (2,047) names have been returned through the Adjutant Generals of this State and of the United States, that are clearly shown to be entitled to bounty under the Acts of 1864 and 1865.

MISCELLANEOUS RECEIPTS.

The receipts into the Treasury from various sources of revenue, will be found on Tables numbered from 1 to 13 inclusive, and each specific amount plainly set forth.

BALANCES DUE FROM COLLECTORS AND OTHERS.

Table No. 15 shows the balance of Direct, Bounty, Public School, and Southern Relief Taxes in the hands of the Collectors of the several counties and the city of Baltimore, to be \$552,380.51, for the year 1868.

Table No. 16 exhibits a list of balances due by Collectors of State Taxes from 1841 to 1867 inclusive, amounting to \$705,408.25.

Tables Nos. 17 and 18 show a considerable amount due from Inspectors, Clerks of Courts, Registers of Wills and Sheriffs.

In pursuance of Sec. 2, Chap. 210 of 1868, I have called the attention of the State's Attorneys of the several counties and the city of Baltimore, to its provisions, and asked their aid. In a few of the counties some effort is being made for a settlement of these old standing claims, but in general they seem to be doing nothing.