

CHAP. 152.

To continue street

Erect bridge

Flat—record

Value damages—
paymentAppeal provided
in case being
aggrieved

hereby authorised and empowered to continue the aforesaid street, not exceeding thirty-three feet in width, and erect over the aforesaid run a suitable bridge at the expence of the petitioners, and with as little inconvenience to the owners of the lot or lots, through which the same shall pass or bridge be built, as possible, and the said street, when so extended and completed and a plot thereof made out and returned to the clerk of the court of said county, by him to be recorded among the records of his office, shall be deemed and taken as a public street and highway, and to be kept in repair as other streets are in said village.

SEC. 2. *And be it enacted,* That the said commissioners, or a majority of them, shall ascertain and value what damages may be sustained by any person or persons, through whose lot or lots the said street shall pass or bridge be built, taking into consideration the advantages and disadvantages, if any, and the same when so assessed shall be paid, or secured to be paid, by the person or persons who may apply to have the said street continued and bridge built as aforesaid, to the person or persons entitled to receive the same, before he or they shall proceed to continue said street or build said bridge.

SEC. 3. *And be it enacted,* That if any person or persons, through whose lot or lots the said street shall be extended, or his, her or their guardian or trustee shall conceive himself, herself or themselves aggrieved by said valuation and assessment of damages, by the said commissibners, respectively, it shall and may be lawful for any justice of the peace, of said county, on his, her or their application, to issue his warrant under his hand and seal, directed to any constable of said county commanding him to summon twelve disinterested men, qualified by law to serve as jurors in the county court, to meet upon the premises on a certain day, of which six days notice shall at least be given to the party or parties interested, and the said jurors, when so met and having each first taken an oath before some justice of the peace, that they will without favour, affection, prejudice or partiality, assess the damages sustained by the person or persons, at whose request