

ditions as may be deemed proper; and such officer may bring the minor before the court or magistrate at any time during the period of commitment to his care. The Supreme Bench shall from time to time designate and direct such probation officer or officers as they may select to visit the various juvenile institutions to which minors are committed by any of said courts to make a thorough investigation into all matters affecting the welfare of such minors, and make a report there-
of to said court.

To visit juvenile institutions.

SEC. 2. *And be it enacted*, That this Act shall take effect from the date of its passage.

Approved April 8, 1904.

CHAPTER 515.

AN ACT to add an additional section to Article 12 of the Code of Public Local Laws, title "Garrett County," sub-title "Justices of the Peace and Constables," defining the jurisdiction of justices of the peace, said section to be designated as Section 135A.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland*, That a new section be added to Article 12 of the Code of Garrett County Public Local Laws, title "Garrett County," to read as follows:

135A. That it shall not be lawful for any resident of Garrett County to be sued before any justice of the peace in said county out of the election district in which said resident resides; provided, however, that upon any cause of action within the jurisdiction of a justice of the peace arising in said county any resident of said county may be sued before a justice of the peace in the election district where the contract was made or such cause of action originated, and provided further, in any election district in said county wherein but one justice of the peace shall be appointed, then it shall be lawful to sue and be sued before a justice of the peace in an adjoining election district in said county; and provided further, that where there are two or more joint defendants residing in different districts of said county, it shall be lawful to institute such proceedings in any district in which either one of said defendants reside; and it shall not be lawful for any magistrate to issue a warrant against any resident of said county authorizing his arrest or to try any such offender after his arrest, unless the alleged offender shall reside in said election district, or the offense or

Cannot be sued out of certain election district.