Lowe, ed., New Alignments in American Politics, (New York: H.W. Wilson Company, 1980); Norman H. Nie, Sidney Verba, John R. Petrocik, The Changing American Voter, (Cambridge, MA: Harvard University Press, 1976); and John R. Petrocik, Party Coalitions: Realignment and the Decline of the New Deal Party System, (Chicago: The University of Chicago Press, 1981).

¹⁹Statistical sources for Maryland demographics based on the census data and related projections include those sources noted in footnote 7 of Chapter IX and the following: Bureau of the Census, U.S. Department of Commerce, Congressional Districts of the 98th Congress: Maryland, (Washington: U.S. Government Printing Office, 1983) and County and City Data Book 1983, (Washington: U.S. Government Printing Office, 1983); Maryland Department of Economic & Community Development, Maryland Statistical Abstract: 1984-85, (Annapolis, MD: State of Maryland, 1983); Maryland Department of State Planning, 1980 Census Profile: Social. Economic and Housing Characteristics for Maryland, (Baltimore: State of Maryland, 1983).

20This is a paraphrase from William Shakespeare's, *The Tempest*, Act II, Scene i, line 261, "What's past is prologue."

²¹Born in 1721 in Charles County, John Hanson's political career included a term as Sheriff of his native county, membership in the Maryland House of Delegates, participation in the 1775 State Constitutional Convention, and service as a member of the Continental Congress. Under the Articles of Confederation, which were ratified in Maryland with Hanson's assistance, the Continental Congress chose the nation's chief executive. The life of this important Marylander is described in Ralph B. Levering, *John Hanson*, *Public Servant*, (Westminster, MD: Western Maryland College and Maryland Bicentennial Commission, 1976) and in Seymour W. Smith, *John Hanson: Our First President*, (New York: Brewer, Warren & Putman, 1932).